

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3
piracy (n) القرصنة / سرقة أدبية	good-natured (adj) ذو طبيعة جيدة	innovation (n) ابتكار
cheat (v/n) أغشاش / غش / يغش / حيلة	cheerful (adj) مبتهج / مرح	immersive (adj) مبهج / غامر
omission (n) إهمال / تجاوز / استبعاد	grumpy (adj) نكد / كئيب / متأفف	surround (v) يحيط
announce (v) يعلن / يصرح / يذيع	cross (adj) غضبان / منزعج	immerse (v) يغمر / يغطس
mislead (v) يضل / يخدع	patient (adj) مريض / صبور	implement (v) يطبق / ينفذ
inaccurate (adj) غير دقيق	impatient (adj) غير صبور	mass-produced ينتج بكثرة
casualty حالة وفاة / قسم طوارئ / ضحية	cruel (adj) قاسي	approach (n) طريقة / نظام / مقاربة
claim (v/n) يطالب / يدعي / ادعاء	cross (adj) غضبان / منزعج	spectacularly (adv) بشكل مذهل
demand (v/n) يطلب / طلب / اقبال	qualified (adj) مؤهل	inconvenient (adj) غير ملائم
ruin (v/n) يدمر / حطام	qualify (v) يؤهل	process (n) عملية / سلسلة من التغيرات
compensate (v) يعرض / يكافئ	confident (adj) واثق	artificial intelligence الذكاء الاصطناعي
bias (v/n) التحامل / انحياز / يتحامل	confidence (n) ثقة	experiment (v)(n) يجرب / تجربة
convict (v/n) إمدان / يدين	role model (n) القدوة / مثل أعلى	sensor (n) مستشعر / جهاز الإحساس
violate (v) يخترق / ينتهك	lecturer (n) محاضر	astronaut (n) رائد فضاء
trap (v/n) أيتجنز / يصطاد / فخ / مصيدة	tournament (n) دورة	spacecraft (n) مركبة فضاء
investigate (v) يحقق / يتحرى	Grand Slams بطولات تنس	universe (n) الكون
tabloid (n) صحيفة شعبية صغيرة	round (n) جولة / فكرة شائعة	astronomer (n) عالم الفلك
broadsheet (n) صحيفة كبيرة	stereotype قالب / صورة نمطية	solar system (n) المجموعة الشمسية
state (v/n) حالة / دولة / يصريح / يذكر	prejudice (n) ظلم / تحيز	surface (n) سطح
placement (n) وضع	contribution (n) مساهمة	charge (v) يتقاضى أجر / تكلفة / يشحن
incident (n) أحداث / واقعة / حدث	award (v)(n) جائزة / مكافئة / يمنح جائزة	records (n) سجلات / أرقام قياسية
highlight (v/n) يبرز / يسلط الضوء	obtain (v) يحصل على / يمتلك	operation (n) عملية (جراحية)
mention (v) يذكر	spark (v)(n) شرارة / يشعل	treatment (n) علاج
whilst (conj) بينما / مع أن / لكن	defy (v) يواجه / يتحدى	surgeon (surgery) (n) جراح (جراحة)
celebrity (n) شخصيه مشهورة	challenging (adj) صعب / مثير للتحدي	beyond imagination ما وراء الخيال
court (n) ملعب / محكمة	miserable (adj) بائس	curious (adj) فضولي
support (v/n) يدعم / يساند / الدعم	fascinating (adj) رائع	competitive (adj) تنافسي
impact (v/n) أثر / تأثير	impressive (adj) مبهج	distant (adj) بعيد
spin (v/n) يلف / يدور / يلق / تلفيق / لفه	well-behaved (adj) مؤدب	opportunities (n) فرص
crime (n) جريمة	significant (adj) هام	audience (n) جمهور / مقابلة رسمية
criminal (n) مجرم / جنائي	fair (adj) (n) عادل / معرض	visuals (n) مؤثرات بصرية
slide (v/n) يتزحلق / زحليقة	inspire (v) يلهم	conquer (v) يغزو / يخضع / يقهر
shocked (adj) مصدوم	inspiring (adj) ملهم / مثير	packaging (n) تعبئة / تغليف
balanced (adj) متوازن / عادل	graph (n) رسم بياني	display (v)(n) عرض / يعرض / يظهر
nosy (adj) فضولي / متطفل	physics (n) فيزياء	applications (n) تطبيقات / برامج
extract (v/n) يستخرج / مقتطف	physicist (n) فيزيائي	science fiction (n) خيال علمي
factual (adj) واقعي / حقيقي	treat (v) يعامل / يعالج	global warming الاحتباس الحراري
illegal (adj) غير شرعي	treatment (n) علاج / معاملة	balance (v)(n) توازن / يتوازن
stressed (adj) متوتر	mental (adj) عقلي	constantly (adv) باستمرار
objective (adj) موضوعي	rank (v/n) رتبة / يصنف	evidence (n) دليل
strict (adj) صارم / حازم	survey (n) دراسة	permanent (adj) دائم / مستمر / باق
afford (v) يتحمل (تكلفة)	scholarship (n) منحة علمية	survive (v) يتنجو / يعيش

Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 6
well-being (n) سعادة / صحة / هناء	trend (n) اتجاه / موضة / شئ جديد	productive (adj) إنتاجي / منتج
frown(v) يتجهم / يقطب جبينه / يعبس	install يثبت / يركب	productivity (n) إنتاجية
pout (v/n) استياء / اشمئزاز / يشمئز	mute (adj) يكتم الصوت / صامت	change (v/n) يغير / يغير
burnout (n) انهالك / ارهاق شديد	switch (turn) on يشغل	assess (v) يقدر / يقيم / يحكم على
scold(v) يوبخ	switch(turn)... off يطفى	decline (v/n) ينقص / نقصان / يرفض
cope with (n) يتأقلم مع	turn down يخفض	efficient كفء / فعال
alter (v) يغير / يعدل / يبدل	turn ... up يرفع (صوت) / يزيد	efficiency (n) كفاءة
self-care العناية بالذات	catch up with يلحق / يساير	raise (v) يرفع / يربى / يجمع
self-management (n) ادارة الذات	look into يفحص / يدقق / يستقصى	vary (v) يتغير / يختلف / يتنوع
stress (n) توتر / يؤكد على	keep up يجارى	various متنوع
stressed (adj) يشعر بالتوتر / مجهد	plug in يركب / يوصل	variety (n) تشكيلة / تنوع
stressful (adj) ايسبب التوتر / مرهق للأعصاب	employee (n) موظف	state (v/n) يصرح / يذكر / يبين / يصيغ
time management ادارة الوقت	employer (n) صاحب العمل	tend يميل إلى / ميل
mental health الصحة العقلية	logical (adj) منطقي	performance أداء / اجراء / فاعلية
frustrated محبط	microphone ميكروفون	interrupt (v) يقاطع
experience (v/n) تجربة / يجرب / خبرة	instant messaging رسائل سريعة	procrastination تسويف / تباطؤ / توان
resilience (n) مرونة	old-fashioned (adj) موضة قديمة	procrastinate ايماطل / يؤخر / يسوف
suppose (v) يفترض	technical (adj) تقني / فني	analyse (v) يحلل
chemicals (n) مواد كيميائية	communicate يتواصل	analysis (n) تحليل
clear off ينصرف / يختفى	interpersonal له علاقة بين الأشخاص	evaluate (v) يقيم
anxious (adj) قلق	version (n) إصدار / نسخة	inevitable احتمي / لا مفر منه
promote (v) يدعم / يحسن / يرقى	software (n) برامج	records (n) سجلات
exhaustion(n) ارهاق	virtual meeting مقابلة افتراضية	cyclists (n) راكبي الدراجات
exhausted(adj) مرهق	decline نقص / يتناقص / يرفض	early birds مبكر
contagious (v) يثبت / يركب	welfare officer مسؤول السعادة	depression (n) اكتئاب / كساد
perception (n) المعرفة	discussion (n) مناقشة	response (n) استجابة
gratitude عرفان بالجميل	delay (v/n) تأخير / يؤخر	specific (adj) محدد
potential (n) قدرة	share (v/n) يشارك / نصيب / حصة	anxiety (n) توتر
perfectionist (n) محب للكمال	clarification (n) توضيح	force (v/n) يجبر / اجبار / قوة
maintain (v) يحافظ على	respond (v/n) يستجيب / استجابة	distracted آشوش / شارد الذهن
participant (n) مشارك	carry on يستمر	significantly تماما / بشكل ملحوظ
optimistic (adj) متفائل	motivate (v) يحفز	strategy(n) استراتيجية / خطة
influence (v/n) تأثير / يؤثر	schedule (n) (v) جدول / يجداول	awareness اوعى / ادراك
urgent (adj) عاجل / طارئ	independently بشكل مستقل	effectiveness (n) فاعلية
priority (n) أولوية	repetitive تكرار	error (n) خطأ
counsellor (n) مستشار	access (n) الدخول / الولوج	delay (v/n) تأخير / يؤخر
demonstrate (v) يوضح / يثبت / يتظاهر	reliable (adj) موثوق به	excuse (v/n) عذر / يبرر
factors (n) عوامل / عناصر	labour market سوق العمل	attach (v) يرفق
brainstorm (n) عصف ذهني	advent (n) مجيء / قدوم	evidence (n) دليل
technique (n) تقنية / أسلوب	substitute (v) يستبدل	reflection (n) انعكاس
psychologist طبيب نفسي	emerge (v) يظهر	chaos (n) فوضى
disappoint (v) يخيب / يخيئ / يخذل	ancestors (n) اسلاف	permission (n) إذن / تصريح
trick (v/n) يخدع / خداعه	separate (v) يفصل	preference تفضيل
struggle (v/n) يكافح / كفاح	podcast (n) بث إذاعي	mental / mentally عقلي / عقليا
excerpts (n) مقتطفات / مقتبسات	mind map (n) خريطة ذهنية	progress (n) تقدم
highlight (v) يبرز / يوضح	individual (n) فرد / شخص	grade(v) درجة امتحان / صف دراسي / متدرج

Expressions	Collocations
long-awaited ending <input type="checkbox"/>	make (earn) money <input type="checkbox"/> يكسب (قوت / رزق / مال...)
wait with bated breath	make a contribution يقدم إسهامات
pirated digital copy	make a speech يلقي خطاب
point of view <input type="checkbox"/>	make a decision <input type="checkbox"/> يتخذ قرار
compensate financially	make the best of things يصنع أفضل الأشياء
burning questions <input type="checkbox"/>	make suggestions يقدم اقتراحات
be proud of <input type="checkbox"/>	make notes <input type="checkbox"/> يسجل ملاحظات
be suitable for <input type="checkbox"/>	make change <input type="checkbox"/> يغير
stay (keep) in touch	make a study plan <input type="checkbox"/> يعمل خطة للدراسة
keep going with <input type="checkbox"/>	make a summary of <input type="checkbox"/> يقوم بعمل ملخص عن
on a big scale	do sports (activities) <input type="checkbox"/> يمارس الرياضة (أنشطة)
get together	do (cause) damage يسبب تلف
in ten years' time <input type="checkbox"/>	do (carry out) a survey يقوم بدراسة
feel free to <input type="checkbox"/>	give a presentation <input type="checkbox"/> يلقي مقدمة عن
share the screen	commit a crime يرتكب جريمة
turn the sound up	have an impact on <input type="checkbox"/> لدية تأثير على
turn the sound down	have problems with <input type="checkbox"/> لدية مشاكل في
artificial intelligence <input type="checkbox"/>	
IT support worker <input type="checkbox"/>	Preposition
brainstorming session	give up يستسلم / يقلع عن
set an alarm <input type="checkbox"/>	cope with = keep up with يساير / يواكب
a waste of time	lead to = result in <input type="checkbox"/> يؤدي الي
put the ideas into practice <input type="checkbox"/>	on his own (of his own) <input type="checkbox"/> بمفرده (ملكه)
change his mind <input type="checkbox"/>	in fact (in truth) في الواقع
a six-month period <input type="checkbox"/>	name after <input type="checkbox"/> يسمى باسم
make a better job of <input type="checkbox"/>	find out (about) <input type="checkbox"/> ايكشف
On the other hand <input type="checkbox"/>	take part in <input type="checkbox"/> اشارك في
cause a change in <input type="checkbox"/>	instead of بدلا من
All the best, <input type="checkbox"/>	concentrate on <input type="checkbox"/> يركز على
	suffer from يعاني من

Synonyms & Antonyms

word	meaning	Synonym <input type="checkbox"/>	Antonym <input type="checkbox"/>
omission	إهمال / تقصير		carefulness - success <input type="checkbox"/>
reduce	يقلل	decrease - limit	increase - improve
compensate	يعوض	balance - make up for	lose - damage
serious	جاد / خطير		unserious - safe
encourage	يشجع		discourage - depress
cheat	أغش / يفش	trick - deceive - defraud	promote - support
bias	التحيز / تعامل	intolerance - unfairness <input type="checkbox"/>	equality - objectivity <input type="checkbox"/>
grumpy <input type="checkbox"/>	امتئز / نكد		good-natured - cheerful
cross	أغضب / متزعج		cheerful - happy - pleasant
cheerful <input type="checkbox"/>	امتهج / مرح		depressed - upset - gloomy
patient	أصبور / هادئ		impatient - intolerant
immerse	يغمر / يجذب		bore - tire
burnout	إنهاك		refreshment - relaxation
well-being	سلامة		suffering - misery - unhealthiness



Exercise on Vocabulary

- 1 You should your foot in ice-cold water to reduce the swelling.
 (a) **appear** (b) **float** (c) **inverse** (d) **immerse**
- 2 People who leak books and join in are punished for their crime.
 (a) **piracy** (b) **pirates** (c) **cheat** (d) **chat**
- 3 You must be of yourself; you have made a silly mistake!
 (a) **proud** (b) **pleased** (c) **afraid** (d) **ashamed**
- 4 The of some planets in our solar system is rocky.
 (a) **impact** (b) **face** (c) **scar** (d) **surface**
- 5 Let's look new ways of working.
 (a) **on** (b) **into** (c) **to** (d) **back**
- 6 It is a to think that women always do housework.
 (a) **prejudice** (b) **stereotype** (c) **type** (d) **incident**
- 7 What is the best for a headache?
 (a) **cause** (b) **treatment** (c) **illness** (d) **surgeon**
- 8 She has made a great contribution to social work in her neighbourhood. Contribution here is a synonym for.....
 (a) **deprivation** (b) **donation** (c) **estimation** (d) **relation**
- 9 We really need to increase our if we want to meet our objectives.
 (a) **identity** (b) **facility** (c) **equality** (d) **productivity**
- 10 We should not take on those who harm us. We should respect the law.
 (a) **revenge** (b) **average** (c) **care** (d) **advantage**
- 11 Can you your screen so I can see what the problem is, please?
 (a) **share** (b) **mute** (c) **install** (d) **join**
- 12 My sister Marwa is never and always spends a lot of time explaining my homework to me.
 (a) **inaccurate** (b) **kind** (c) **patient** (d) **impatient**
- 13 The students found the test difficult and it led to a in their motivation.
 (a) **produce** (b) **raise** (c) **progress** (d) **decline**
- 14 Mental exhaustion and loss of energy are symptoms of
 (a) **turnout** (b) **strikeout** (c) **cutout** (d) **burnout**
- 15 is how good you feel in your body and how happy you are.
 (a) **Self-care** (b) **Stress** (c) **Well-being** (d) **Mental health**
- 16 It was a very cold day in winter. I didn't have a coat and I was
 (a) **terrifying** (b) **chillier** (c) **freezing** (d) **petrified**
- 17 At the top of a tabloid news story there is usually
 (a) **a headline** (b) **your name** (c) **a photo** (d) **a question**
- 18 The news story about the match missed out the injured player so there was bias by.....
 (a) **omission** (b) **mislead** (c) **spin** (d) **inaccurate**
- 19 Egypt enters teams into many different international
 (a) **rounds** (b) **courts** (c) **Grand Slams** (d) **tournaments**
- 20 You have to your mobile phone before you enter the meeting.
 (a) **turn on** (b) **mute** (c) **destroy** (d) **disappear**
- 21 I went to university to get this degree in physics, which means I am now a physicist.
 (a) **lecturer** (b) **important** (c) **role model** (d) **qualified**
- 22 The Egyptian tennis player got into the final of the tournament.
 (a) **court** (b) **Grand Slams** (c) **round** (d) **team**
- 23 Doctors keep the health of all patients, so they know what illnesses they have had before.
 (a) **paper** (b) **records** (c) **placements** (d) **figures**

اتعب دلوقت عشان
توصل لحلمك او
هتفضل تعبان طول
عمرك بتدفع
ثمن اهمالك

- 24 I can't hear you; please, your voice.
 (a) **arise** (b) **arouse** (c) **raise** (d) **rise**
- 25 You can't rely on this information; it's
 (a) **reliable** (b) **acute** (c) **accurate** (d) **inaccurate**
- 26 My friend the present and tied it in ribbon.
 (a) **tricked** (b) **appeared** (c) **trapped** (d) **wrapped**
- 27 I expected my friend to help me, but he let me
 (a) **in** (b) **off** (c) **down** (d) **to**
- 28 My sister is a nurse. She won a/an for her work during the Coronavirus pandemic.
 (a) **competition** (b) **medal** (c) **award** (d) **race**
- 29 Ali always works to a plan and organizes his time perfectly. He has an excellent skill.
 (a) **time consuming** (b) **procrastination** (c) **time management** (d) **critical thinking**
- 30 My father advises me to stop studying when I feel exhausted because my concentration
 (a) **increases** (b) **declines** (c) **improves** (d) **moves**
- 31 The police are looking for a/an who has escaped from prison.
 (a) **officer** (b) **victim** (c) **convict** (d) **guard**
- 32 Efficient teachers usually use different strategies to assess students' at school.
 (a) **replacement** (b) **movement** (c) **achievement** (d) **encouragement**
- 33 It is not easy to make Peter his mind; he's very stubborn.
 (a) **to change** (b) **changes** (c) **change** (d) **to changing**
- 34 Scientists are still trying to discover more and more about the around us.
 (a) **universe** (b) **astronomers** (c) **astronauts** (d) **superstitions**
- 35 The government has designed a system to...with the floods we sometimes have in coastal cities.
 (a) **cure** (b) **carry** (c) **cope** (d) **care**
- 36 Without attention, you can't get the idea.
 (a) **pay** (b) **pays** (c) **paying** (d) **to pay**
- 37 The novelist an important prize for his last novel.
 (a) **won** (b) **gained** (c) **beat** (d) **earned**
- 38 All countries make a future to achieve their development goals.
 (a) **plan** (b) **plane** (c) **plain** (d) **chart**
- 39 A is the place where people are buried.
 (a) **museum** (b) **graveyard** (c) **shipyard** (d) **mansion**
- 40 She has no in travelling those days.
 (a) **interest** (b) **interested** (c) **interesting** (d) **interestingly**
- 41 One of the demerits of the internet is that it time.
 (a) **saves** (b) **wastes** (c) **loses** (d) **misses**
- 42 I am sure my brother well in yesterday's test.
 (a) **solved** (b) **gave** (c) **did** (d) **made**
- 43 My young sister is shy by nature. She usually gets in front of strangers.
 (a) **refused** (b) **confused** (c) **amused** (d) **accused**
- 44 He hopes to weight because he is very thin.
 (a) **win** (b) **earn** (c) **gain** (d) **beat**
- 45 A role is a person looked up to by others as an example to be imitated.
 (a) **module** (b) **middle** (c) **model** (d) **medal**
- 46 A/An person is bad-tempered and easily annoyed.
 (a) **naughty** (b) **grumpy** (c) **miserable** (d) **inspiring**
- 47 I took many notes because the lecturer gave a lot of interesting information. A synonym for lecturer here is
 (a) **role model** (b) **assistant** (c) **teacher** (d) **physicist**

لو تعرف هتدفع
التمن غالي ادايه
في المستقبل
مكنتش سبت
الكتاب من ايدك

- 48 You must work harder; this training is necessary to as a nurse.
 (a) **amplify** (b) **specify** (c) **qualify** (d) **defy**
- 49 Mai's sisters are both very They are always friendly and smiling.
 (a) **sad** (b) **unfriendly** (c) **impatient** (d) **well-behaved**
- 50 I think it's to keep animals in cages. They suffer a lot.
 (a) **kind** (b) **human** (c) **cruel** (d) **humane**
- 51 Ahmed Helmy is a talented He has amused us a lot.
 (a) **celebrate** (b) **celebrated** (c) **celebrity** (d) **celebration**
- 52 When my father asked me about the exam, I told him that I didn't well.
 (a) **take** (b) **make** (c) **do** (d) **give**
- 53 I cannot believe what you've said "Are you serious?". The antonym of the word "serious" is
 (a) **joking** (b) **dangerous** (c) **safe** (d) **delighted**
- 54 My parents usually inspire me to take in serious discussions about my future.
 (a) **part** (b) **parts** (c) **place** (d) **turns**
- 55 The of the woman as a homemaker no longer exists; she now holds key positions around the world.
 (a) **stereo** (b) **stereotype** (c) **location** (d) **site**
- 56 Faten is over the moon; she has won a/an for her collection of short stories for children.
 (a) **fine** (b) **penalty** (c) **present** (d) **award**
- 57 China has made a significant in developing a vaccine to combat the Coronavirus.
 (a) **contribution** (b) **ammunition** (c) **contamination** (d) **radiation**
- 58 I paid close attention to the and jotted down key points to get ready for the final exam.
 (a) **maker** (b) **lecturer** (c) **listener** (d) **worker**
- 59 Homeless people lead a/an life.
 (a) **better** (b) **miserable** (c) **impressive** (d) **significant**
- 60 Don't worry, everyone has own problems; no one is immune to them.
 (a) **its** (b) **her** (c) **his** (d) **their**
- 61 A/An is an expert in the interactions of matter and energy in the physical universe.
 (a) **psychologist** (b) **physicist** (c) **archaeologist** (d) **socialist**
- 62 We think that the person who won the quiz is a He looked up the answers online, which was not allowed.
 (a) **chat** (b) **bias** (c) **cheat** (d) **spin**
- 63 In his advertisement, he left out the fact that the flat isn't opposite the Nile to make others buy it for a higher price This is bias by
 (a) **spin** (b) **placement** (c) **omission** (d) **replacement**
- 64 Taha Hussein's books have been translated into many languages, English, French and Chinese.
 (a) **including** (b) **containing** (c) **consisting** (d) **taking**
- 65 There shouldn't be against people of different cultures.
 (a) **clarity** (b) **equality** (c) **prejudice** (d) **justice**
- 66 My cousin a STEM school in Al-Obour City.
 (a) **goes** (b) **attends** (c) **studies** (d) **learns**
- 67 The major to achieving that project is money; there aren't enough funds.
 (a) **cause** (b) **merit** (c) **circle** (d) **obstacle**
- 68 I am sure your spirit of is the most important factor of success.
 (a) **cause** (b) **merit** (c) **determination** (d) **deterioration**
- 69 I never that women are less efficient than men; in fact, they often outperform a large number of males.
 (a) **refuse** (b) **deny** (c) **assume** (d) **resume**

- 70 In underdeveloped countries, illiteracy lack of national awareness there.
 (a) **suspects** (b) **respects** (c) **reflects** (d) **infects**
- 71 Some private universities students in terms of their GPAs.
 (a) **risk** (b) **rank** (c) **arouse** (d) **rise**
- 72 Sir, a lady in a black gown with a is waiting for you outside.
 (a) **vale** (b) **vein** (c) **veil** (d) **veal**
- 73 The problem is difficult, but I am doing my best to it.
 (a) **think** (b) **gain** (c) **win** (d) **overcome**
- 74 Giana Farouk has medals in four different countries.
 (a) **won** (b) **gained** (c) **beaten** (d) **overcome**
- 75 My neighbour's children cause a lot of noise which makes me unhappy and
 (a) **pleased** (b) **cross** (c) **disobedient** (d) **dishonest**
- 76 Doctors say that the percentage of the of the COVID-19 disease is low in children.
 (a) **occur** (b) **occurrence** (c) **occurred** (d) **occurs**
- 77 You must the bottle before taking this medicine.
 (a) **chock** (b) **shock** (c) **leak** (d) **shake**
- 78 I'm to my friends for their encouragement.
 (a) **needful** (b) **grateful** (c) **harmful** (d) **careful**
- 79 I'll never forget the day my daughter put on her wedding dress and became a
 (a) **bride** (b) **groom** (c) **bridegroom** (d) **pride**
- 80 The police do not know the of the accident in the street yesterday.
 (a) **challenge** (b) **reason** (c) **cause** (d) **benefit**
- 81 Hamid is and cannot walk.
 (a) **deaf** (b) **blind** (c) **unable** (d) **disabled**
- 82 A newspaper has small pages and large photos.
 (a) **broadcast** (b) **poster** (c) **tabloid** (d) **blog**
- 83 When the accused person proved that he wasn't , he was set free.
 (a) **guilty** (b) **tasty** (c) **innocent** (d) **relevant**
- 84 What bad news! The book had been before it was published.
 (a) **leaked** (b) **locked** (c) **disappeared** (d) **written**
- 85 It is that some people were typing up copies of the book to share it illegally.
 (a) **comfortable** (b) **appeared** (c) **climbed** (d) **claimed**
- 86 A newspaper is a more formal newspaper with large pages.
 (a) **tabloid** (b) **poster** (c) **blog** (d) **broadsheet**
- 87 Online book is an illegal action.
 (a) **proficiency** (b) **piracy** (c) **accuracy** (d) **security**
- 88 It is not easy for young writers to their new books.
 (a) **write** (b) **appear** (c) **come out** (d) **publish**
- 89 The accident despite the carefulness of the driver because there was a sudden leak in the brake oil.
 (a) **claimed** (b) **caused** (c) **occurred** (d) **excused**
- 90 is one of the behaviours that you must stop practising.
 (a) **Charity** (b) **Checking** (c) **Cheating** (d) **Chatting**
- 91 The factory had collapsed, so the lawyers that the insurance company pay the legal compensation.
 (a) **protested** (b) **demanded** (c) **rejected** (d) **disappeared**
- 92 The global distribution of wealth reflects high levels of ; there are rich and extremely impoverished countries.
 (a) **minority** (b) **majority** (c) **inequality** (d) **equality**

ربنا معمره بيضيع
 مجهود حد
 اتعب وسيب
 الباقي علي ربنا
 معمره هيخذلك

- حل يا فاشل
عاوزك تبقي قد
المسئولية اللي ابوك
وامك بيدفعوا دم
قلوبهم عشانك وانت
مش حاسس

- 116 No one can challenge him in chess. The synonym of "challenge" is
 (a) **surrender** (b) **dodge** (c) **defy** (d) **win**
- 117 He was totally in reading and forgot everything else.
 (a) **submerged** (b) **surrounded** (c) **interest** (d) **immersec**
- 118 A is a person who has been found guilty of a crime and sent to prison.
 (a) **lawyer** (b) **convict** (c) **detective** (d) **jailer**
- 119 A lot of people are in low-paid jobs so they fell unfair.
 (a) **proud** (b) **trapped** (c) **interesting** (d) **pride**
- 120 All students feel before the exams and need to calm down.
 (a) **stress** (b) **stressful** (c) **stressed** (d) **press**
- 121 By law, it is to drive a car without having a driving licence.
 (a) **logical** (b) **legal** (c) **illegal** (d) **behavioral**
- 122 Don't fall in the of borrowing money from a bank.
 (a) **trip** (b) **trap** (c) **virtual** (d) **practise**
- 123 Employers must consider all candidates impartially and without
 (a) **judge** (b) **research** (c) **justice** (d) **bias**
- 124 He waited for a reply to his offer with breath.
 (a) **patient** (b) **bated** (c) **patent** (d) **impatient**
- 125 Her reputation was by her bad manners.
 (a) **saved** (b) **rescued** (c) **ruined** (d) **resumed**
- 126 I don't like the image of the homeless as criminals.
 (a) **biased** (b) **prejudiced** (c) **stereotyped** (d) **a, b & c**
- 127 A developed society is the one where women and men are partners.
 (a) **equal** (b) **biased** (c) **unfair** (d) **vain**
- 128 "He is patient with his children." In this sentence, 'patient' is a/an
 (a) **noun** (b) **verb** (c) **adverb** (d) **adjective**
- 129 "Ali runs really fast." The word 'fast' here is a/an
 (a) **noun** (b) **verb** (c) **adverb** (d) **adjective**
- 130 A range of mountains in the distance.
 (a) **raises** (b) **rises** (c) **arises** (d) **arouses**
- 131 After the accident, she has got very and cross with others.
 (a) **patient** (b) **impatient** (c) **anxiety** (d) **pleased**
- 132 Egypt has a role in settling disputes in the Middle East area.
 (a) **remarkable** (b) **pioneering** (c) **worthless** (d) **a & b**
- 133 Are you still with me, Mum? - You must forgive me.
 (a) **pleased** (b) **cross** (c) **angry** (d) **b & c**
- 134 General is one of the highest in the army.
 (a) **degrees** (b) **grades** (c) **ranks** (d) **marks**
- 135 His long absence his friends' fears.
 (a) **rises** (b) **aroused** (c) **arose** (d) **raised**
- 136 If I want to catch with my classmates, I need to study a lot this weekend.
 (a) **on** (b) **up** (c) **into** (d) **in**
- 137 The captain said that a strong wind the ship so that both its front and back hit the sides of the canal.
 (a) **stopped** (b) **robbed** (c) **begun** (d) **spun**
- 138 Once I got my breath back, I hurried home as fast as I could. I got my breath back means I
 (a) **found difficulty in breathing easily.** (b) **shouted madly for help.**
 (c) **faced the situation bravely.** (d) **started breathing normally again.**

اكثر حاجة
 ممكن تضيعك
 في الثانوي
 الصعبة
 والتليفون

Tense الزمن	Affirmation الإثباتات	Key words الكلمات الدالة	Passive المبني للمجهول
Present Perfect مضارع تام	has / have + P.P	<p>① already / just / ever / never ② yet / lately / recently / so far / till now ③ for / since</p> <p>*for: يأتي بعدها مدة زمنية (year - month - week - day - hour - the last - age) - He has lived in Cairo for 10 years.</p> <p>*since: يأتي بعدها بداية الحدث أو جملة في زمن الماضي البسيط والمناسبات (مناسبات - 2 o' clock - last - 2017 - May - Sunday) - He has lived in Cairo since 2007.</p> <p>لاحظ التركيب التالي:</p> <p>It's / It's been + since + مدة زمنية + ماضى بسيط كما يستخدم المضارع التام مع هذه التعبيرات</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> It's / This is the first (second ...) time In the last few years (In recent years). over the ages / over the years / over the centuries 	<p>has / have + been + p.p</p> <p>لاحظ الفرق</p> <p>have been to أذهب و عاد</p> <p>have gone to أذهب ولم يعد</p>
Present perfect Continuous مضارع تام مستمر	have / has + been + ing	<p>since منذ for.....now مدة all(وقت) طوال</p>	(have / has) + been + p.p..... مفعول
Past Simple ماضي بسيط	التصريف الثاني للفعل بإضافة (ed) أو حفظ الأفعال الغير منتظمة	<p>yesterday - ago - last - in... How long ago- used to I wish (I'd rather)(it is time)</p> <p>في (عام سابق) اعتاد ان ماضي بسيط + فاعل</p>	was / were + p.p. مفعول
Past Continuous ماضي مستمر	was / were + v. + ing.	<p>ماضي بسيط (أو مستمر) , ماضي مستمر (while/as- just as) خد بالك يا فاشل في حالة عدم وجود فاعل مع فيديو while (v.+ing) ماضي مستمر, ماضي بسيط when ماضي بسيط , On (V. + ing) ماضي بسيط , during (اسم) ماضي مستمر, yesterday مدة زمنية</p>	was / were+ being + p.p. مفعول
Present Simple مضارع بسيط	I / you / we / they التصريف الأول He / She / It inf.+ s	<p>always دائماً usually often غالباً sometimes rarely نادراً never</p> <p>V. be تأتي أظرف التكرار قبل الفعل الأساسي أو بعد every..... كل</p>	am / is / are + p.p. ... مفعول

ماضي بسيط + since + مدة + It is + (or) ماضي بسيط since مضارع تام

- ① I **have played** this game **since** I **was** five.
- ② It **is (has been)** a **year since** I **met** Seif.

حالات لا نستخدم المضارع التام المستمر ونستخدم بدلاً منه المضارع التام:

① هناك أفعال لا تستخدم في الأزمنة المستمرة عموماً وهي أفعال الشعور والحواس والملكية والمعرفة.

- ② We are good friends. We **have known** each other for 10 years.
- ③ إذا ذكرنا مرات حدوث الفعل لا يستخدم المضارع التام المستمر بل نستخدم المضارع التام:
- ④ Ahmed **has finished** typing 3 reports.

will / shall + inf.

▶ I expect Toka and Jana will stay for lunch.	تنبؤات بدون دليل	1
▶ Next year, I will be 20 years old.	حقائق مستقبلية (العمر)	2
▶ Mona has just decided that she will leave.	القرارات السريعة	3
▶ That bag looks heavy. I' ll help you with it.	العرض	4
▶ I' ll buy you a mobile phone if you succeed.	الوعد	5
▶ Will you shut the window?	الطلب	6
▶ I' ll resign if I don't get a pay rise.	للتهديد	7
▶ Be quiet or I will punish you.	للتحذير	8
▶ I hope I will see him tomorrow.	مع بعض الكلمات مثل think, believe, expect, predict, hope, promise, sure, certainly, probably, perhaps	9
▶ I think it will rain.		
▶ After I do my homework, I' ll go to bed.	الروابط الزمنية مع المستقبل	10

مضارع بسيط أو تام until مصدر won't مستقبل بسيط / مضارع بسيط أو مضارع تام + after / before / when / as soon as

● He **won't come** until I **phone** (have phoned) him.

(am - is - are) + going to + inf.

▶ It is cloudy . It is going to rain.	تنبؤات مع وجود دليل	1
▶ Toka is going to play. She has planned . □	الخطط المستقبلية (plan - made a plan)	2
▶ I have a plan . I am going to start my project.		
▶ He is going to visit London. He has intended . □	التنوييا (intend - intention)	3
▶ We are going to visit Cairo. We have intention .		
▶ They have decided they are going to study. □	القرارات المسبقة (decide- make a decision - made up mind)	4
▶ She has made up her mind . She is going to leave.		

(am - is - are) + V + ing

▶ He is visiting his uncle. He has arranged .	الأحداث المرتب لها مع الكلمات (arranged, booked, bought, prepared....)	1
▶ I am having dinner with Toka. I have booked a table.	المناسبات الاجتماعية والأنشطة الرسمية من حفلات وأعياد ميلاد / سفر / زيارات	2
▶ He's getting married next Friday.		
▶ I can't meet you tomorrow as I am doing the shopping.	عدم مقدرة فعل شيء في المستقبل نتيجة الترتيب لفعل حدث آخر	3

Present Simple (inf. or inf. + s)

▶ The plane takes off at 9 a.m.	حدث في المستقبل طبقا لجدول (موصلات / فتح وغلق / بداية ونهاية	1
▶ Our lesson starts at 12 p.m.	دراسة / سينما / مسرح)	

will be + V + ing

will have + P.P

To + inf. Or ing

الأفعال الآتية يأتي بعدها **to + inf**:

agree	يوافق	promise	يعد	seek	يسعى إلى
arrange	يرتب	refuse	يرفض	fail	يفشل
decide	يقرر	want	يريد	manage	يتمكن
expect	يتوقع	offer	يعرض	prepare	يستعد
hope	يأمل	plan	يخطط	wish	يرغب
learn	يتعلم	decide	يقرر	threaten	يهدد

الأفعال الآتية يأتي بعدها فعل مضاف له **ing**:

admit	يعترف	dislike	يكره	delay	يؤخر
avoid	يتجنب	fancy	يتخيل	complete	يكمل
deny	ينكر	practise	يمارس	appreciate	يقدر
enjoy	يستمتع	suggest	يقترح	imagine	يتخيل
finish	ينهي	spend	يقضي	postpone	يؤجل

الأفعال الآتية يأتي بعدها **to + inf** أو فعل مضاف له **ing** بدون اختلاف في المعنى:

hate	يكره	like	يحب	continue	يستمر
love	يحب	prefer	يفضل	start (begin)	يبدأ

ولكن لاحظ أنه إذا استخدمنا **would** قبل الأفعال السابقة فإنه يأتي بعدها **to + inf**.

- I'd love to meet Mr Ahmed. I'd like to meet Mr Ahmed.

Prefer.. + V - ing..... + to +.... V - ing.....

- I prefer using the internet to watching TV.

الأفعال و الظروف الآتية يأتي بعدها **inf** فقط بدون **to**:

had better	ينبغي	let	يسمح
would rather	يفضل	make	يرغم

- I'd rather (better) meet Mr Ahmed.

- I'd rather you met Mr Ahmed.

لاحظ (إذا جاء بعدها فعل يأتي بعدها ماضي بسيط)

الأفعال الآتية يمكن أن يأتي بعدها **to + inf** مع اختلاف في المعنى:

remember + gerund	يقوم بعمل شيء ثم يتذكر أنه (فعله)	remember to + inf.	يتذكر أن يقوم بعمل شيء
forget + gerund	يفعل شيئاً ثم ينسى أنه فعله	forget to + inf.	ينسى أن يفعل شيئاً (لم يفعله)
regret + gerund	يشعر بالندم على شيء حدث	regret to + inf.	يشعر بالأسف ليخبر شخص شيئاً ما
try + gerund	يُجرب عمل شيء	try to + inf.	يحاول عمل شيء (وغالباً لا ينجح)
stop + gerund	يتوقف عن عمل شيء	stop to + inf.	يتوقف لكي يفعل شيئاً

استخدام **ing + v** بعد **to** في التعبيرات الآتية:

in addition to	بالإضافة إلى	thanks to	بفضل
lead to	يؤدي إلى	owing to	بسبب
object to	يعترض	due to	بسبب
look forward to	يتطلع إلى	take to	يعتاد على
be used to	معتاد	get used to	يعتاد على

يستخدم فعل مضاف له **ing** بعد التعبيرات الآتية:

be busy	مشغول	can't stand	لا يحتمل
it's no good (use)	لا فائدة من	can't help	لا يتوقف عن
be worth	يستحق	how (what) about	ماذا عن
don't mind	لا مانع	it's a waste of money	مضيعة للمال
feel like	يرغب / يريد	it's a waste of time	مضيعة للوقت

الأفعال الآتية يأتي بعدها **ing** في حالة عدم وجود مفعول، و يأتي بعدها **to + inf** في حالة وجود مفعول:

advise	ينصح	forbid	يمنع	permit	يسمح
allow	يسمح	recommend	يوصي بـ	encourage	يشجع



Exercise on Grammar

- 1 While I dinner, someone knocked on the door.
 (a) **had** (b) **was having** (c) **did have** (d) **am having**
- 2 Mr Ali at a shop for ten years before he got a job at the bank.
 (a) **has worked** (b) **is working** (c) **will have been working** (d) **had been working**
- 3 The bridge over the valley is built on a scale than the one over the river.
 (a) **big** (b) **bigger** (c) **biggest** (d) **the biggest**
- 4 This is the most difficult situation I
 (a) **had ever been faced** (b) **have ever faced** (c) **had ever faced** (d) **have ever been faced**
- 5 When the bus plunged off the bridge, it was the experience of my life. We were lucky that nobody was hurt.
 (a) **most shocking** (b) **shocking** (c) **more shocking** (d) **less shocking**
- 6 My brother was finally that he had been selected for the new position as a sales manager.
 (a) **asked** (b) **said** (c) **informed** (d) **ordered**
- 7 Let's go to the club. "This sentence is a kind of a/an.....
 (a) **offer** (b) **request** (c) **suggestion** (d) **order**
- 8 For the next year, Ahmed on an engineering project in Alexandria.
 (a) **was working** (b) **will have worked** (c) **will be working** (d) **had been working**
- 9 By 2050, I think that astronomers new planets outside our solar system.
 (a) **will have found** (b) **find** (c) **have found** (d) **are finding**
- 10 We won't be able to live on Mars until we enough water there.
 (a) **will find** (b) **have found** (c) **will be finding** (d) **found**
- 11 I felt really sick the party, so I went home.
 (a) **While** (b) **when** (c) **during** (d) **on**
- 12 Have you spending the weekend in the country?
 (a) **considered** (b) **thought** (c) **deeded** (d) **agreed**
- 13 You could asked me for help if you were feeling so stressed!
 (a) **has** (b) **having** (c) **had** (d) **have**
- 14 Be careful you must making such mistakes.
 (a) **enjoy** (b) **avoid** (c) **refuse** (d) **intend**
- 15 When you are worried about things; it is best to concentrate on the things you control.
 (a) **would** (b) **might** (c) **can** (d) **have**
- 16 I hope the biology exam; I'm so worried.
 (a) **will pass** (b) **pass** (c) **to pass** (d) **passing**
- 17 I always try to avoid with bad friends.
 (a) **mixing** (b) **to mix** (c) **mix** (d) **to mixing**
- 18 We our project done last night so now we can relax.
 (a) **get** (b) **got** (c) **allow** (d) **make**
- 19 The lawyer accused the prisoner in his statement.
 (a) **of lying** (b) **to lie** (c) **with lying** (d) **of lie**
- 20 The team training together for months before they were given the chance to compete.
 (a) **have been** (b) **had been** (c) **has been** (d) **will have been**
- 21 My parents me finish my homework before they allow me to watch TV.
 (a) **stop** (b) **get** (c) **tell** (d) **make**
- 22 I remember this man in the club a year ago.
 (a) **seeing** (b) **to see** (c) **had seen** (d) **to seeing**

- 23 Don't forget off the computer when you've finished with it.
 (a) switching (b) switch (c) to switch (d) to switching
- 24 Abo Farouk is tall than Al Daifi.
 (a) as (b) more (c) much (d) less
- 25 I saw Ayten last week. I her since 2019.
 (a) haven't seen (b) hadn't seen (c) didn't see (d) don't see
- 26 There's a good film on TV tonight. It at ten.
 (a) starts (b) is starting (c) is going to start (d) will start
- 27 Please, I want my car.....
 (a) to be examined (b) to examine (c) to be examining (d) be examined
- 28 Ali to the market. He is at home now.
 (a) has been (b) going (c) has gone (d) is been
- 29 The rain us from playing football.
 (a) let (b) allowed (c) made (d) stopped
- 30 , my computer worked well.
 (a) Fixing (b) Having fixed (c) Having been fixed (d) To be fixed
- 31 As I was shopping last night, I met Mai. I her since last month.
 (a) haven't seen (b) don't see (c) hadn't seen (d) am not seeing
- 32 I'd rather you this flat. It's a bargain.
 (a) buy (b) to buy (c) bought (d) will buy
- 33 After Yasser two chapters of Great Expectations, he went to bed.
 (a) has been reading (b) had been reading (c) had read (d) had been read
- 34 Hardly a sandwich when I went out.
 (a) I had eaten (b) had I eaten (c) I ate (d) was I eating
- 35 What do you plan when you go to Sharm El-Sheikh?
 (a) to do (b) to doing (c) will do (d) do
- 36 After he had examined the athlete, the doctor him permission to join the competition.
 (a) gave (b) given (c) had given (d) gives
- 37 The train before we arrived at the station.
 (a) had left (b) has left (c) was leaving (d) will leave
- 38 I am going to have a new washing machine
 (a) made (b) installed (c) instilled (d) done
- 39 Turn the camera I want to see you; I've missed you so much, Mum.
 (a) down (b) off (c) on (d) up
- 40 You should speaking English with native speakers to speak fluently.
 (a) practise (b) avoid (c) decide (d) hope
- 41 My brother short stories for three years before he published them.
 (a) will write (b) had written (c) had been writing (d) has written
- 42 The match when I reached the stadium; I missed the exciting start.
 (a) will begin (b) had begun (c) was beginning (d) have begun
- 43 ready for the party before the guests arrived?
 (a) Had you got (b) Have you got (c) Will you get (d) Are you getting
- 44 You your father yesterday, the problem was too serious for you to solve alone.
 (a) should consult (b) should have consulted (c) didn't have to consult (d) shouldn't have consulted
- 45 Once I making the cake, I'll give you some to taste.
 (a) will finish (b) had finished (c) have finished (d) will be finishing

- 46 My father always us go to bed early when we have exams. We have to obey his order!
 (a) lets (b) persuades (c) makes (d) allows
- 47 You look exhausted! I think you should consider to bed earlier.
 (a) to go (b) of going (c) going (d) go
- 48 I like to go to work on time. I usually early to avoid the traffic.
 (a) sit down (b) turn off (c) catch up (d) set off
- 49 I don't think you should risk out in this heat. It's far too hot right now.
 (a) going (b) to go (c) go (d) to going
- 50 Do your parents allow you out later at weekends?
 (a) stay (b) to stay (c) to staying (d) staying
- 51 By next October, my father a bigger house.
 (a) will buy (b) would buy (c) will have bought (d) had bought
- 52 Don't worry; I won't leave until you
 (a) have been arrived (b) had arrived (c) will arrive (d) have arrived
- 53 I had heard the good news, I immediately congratulated my friend.
 (a) Then (b) So (c) Once (d) Before
- 54 My uncle as a sales manager for twenty years, but now he has his own business.
 (a) had worked (b) is working (c) has worked (d) worked
- 55 I haven't travelled to my village by train my early childhood.
 (a) when (b) ago (c) for (d) since
- 56 I since he entered the hospital.
 (a) haven't visited (b) didn't visit (c) hadn't visited (d) hasn't visited
- 57 As soon as I heard of my friend's success, I him.
 (a) had congratulated (b) will congratulate (c) have congratulated (d) congratulated
- 58 I till my brother returns home to make sure he's well.
 (a) left (b) didn't leave (c) won't leave (d) am leaving
- 59 Before the manager arrived, the lazy employee any work for hours!
 (a) hasn't been doing (b) hadn't been doing (c) hadn't done (d) hasn't done
- 60 At four o'clock tomorrow, I on the company project.
 (a) work (b) have worked (c) would work (d) will be working
- 61 I never regret anyone in need.
 (a) to help (b) helping (c) helped (d) having help
- 62 He advised me waste my time.
 (a) don't (b) shouldn't (c) to not (d) not to
- 63 As soon as I him, I recognised him.
 (a) see (b) had seen (c) has seen (d) saw
- 64 Is there university in this town?
 (a) an (b) the (c) a (d) no article
- 65 My name is Nada and is my sister, Ola.
 (a) this (b) that (c) these (d) those
- 66 seeing the accident, I called the ambulance.
 (a) Before (b) During (c) On (d) While
- 67 Neither my parents nor my brother football.
 (a) likes (b) like (c) is liked (d) are liked
- 68 She refused to lend me her camera until I to take care of it.
 (a) had promised (b) have promised (c) had been promising (d) have been promising
- 69 I revising all my lessons by last night.
 (a) am finishing (b) have finished (c) had finished (d) will be finishing

- 70 Had you been waiting for Hala for a long time before she ?
 (a) arrived (b) was arriving (c) have arrived (d) had arrived
- 71 I have not seen the new adventure film.....
 (a) a just (b) yet (c) already (d) never
- 72 The car..... fast when it hit the tree.
 (a) was moving (b) moves (c) is moving (d) has moved
- 73 There was a fire in the toyshop and..... toy was damaged.
 (a) both (b) all (c) every (d) half
- 74 The police know what the thief..... at eight o'clock last night.
 (a) has done (b) does (c) was doing (d) is doing
- 75 The tourists..... walking until they had reached the top of the mountain.
 (a) didn't stop (b) stopped (c) haven't stopped (d) won't stop
- 76 The only way..... doing this is to have permission.
 (a) of (b) to (c) by (d) in
- 77 I didn't send the report until I it.
 (a) was revising (b) revise (c) have revised (d) had revised
- 78 My uncle for the company for ten years when he got the promotion.
 (a) had been working (b) has been working (c) had worked (d) will be working
- 79 Having my friend's telephone number, I contacted him.
 (a) finding (b) found (c) to find (d) been found
- 80 The TV programme well for five years before it was terminated.
 (a) had been worked (b) has been working (c) had been working (d) had worked
- 81 I saw my friend Feras last week. I him since 2019.
 (a) hadn't seen (b) hasn't seen (c) didn't see (d) won't see
- 82 I that manager for years before I worked with him in that company.
 (a) had been knowing (b) had known (c) have been knowing (d) was knowing
- 83 They had been playing football for an hour before it to rain.
 (a) was starting (b) had started (c) have started (d) started
- 84 After I to quiet music for two hours, I felt relaxed.
 (a) was listening (b) had been listening (c) listening (d) had listened
- 85 What all evening by the time Tamer returned home?
 (a) had you done (b) are you doing (c) had you been doing (d) you had been doing
- 86 Unfortunately, he missed the train. When he the station, the train
 (a) reached/has left (b) had reached/left (c) reached/had left (d) was reaching/has left
- 87 He was overjoyed because he his final exam.
 (a) will be passed (b) had passed (c) has passed (d) had been passing
- 88 She was exhausted because she all day.
 (a) will be working (b) had worked (c) has worked (d) had been working
- 89 After in the company for ten years, I left it.
 (a) works (b) worked (c) had worked (d) working
- 90 Football is exciting sport ever.
 (a) even (b) most (c) the most (d) more
- 91 Food prices rapidly in the last few months.
 (a) had risen (b) have been risen (c) have risen (d) rise
- 92 By 2020, I six novels. It was a great achievement for me.
 (a) had written (b) will have (c) had been writing (d) was writing
- 93 After her daily housework, she had some rest.
 (a) has done (b) had done (c) doing (d) had been doing

- 94 My uncle works as a surgeon in European country.
 (a) a (b) an (c) the (d) no article
- 95 Mr Sameh is a very kind manager; he forgives mistake I make!
 (a) however (b) wherever (c) whatever (d) whoever
- 96 It's been two months since we our uncle in the village.
 (a) had visited (b) visited (c) have visited (d) visit
- 97 My friend a health problem since he lived in that highly polluted area.
 (a) has had (b) had had (c) had (d) has been
- 98 I dinner when Adel arrived, so I warmly asked him to share the meal with me.
 (a) had (b) am having (c) was having (d) had had
- 99 Sorry for being late, Sir. Please, let me in; I in very bad traffic.
 (a) have been (b) have gone (c) was (d) had
- 100 My sister her university degree in 2018.
 (a) was getting (b) has got (c) got (d) had got
- 101 There are always economic crises pandemics.
 (a) while (b) as (c) when (d) during
- 102 How long ago your father come back from London?
 (a) did (b) has (c) will (d) had
- 103 My cousin has lived abroad his childhood.
 (a) for (b) since (c) while (d) when
- 104 I will wait till my friend before I order food.
 (a) had arrived (b) arrived (c) has arrived (d) was arriving
- 105 I haven't met the General Manager It's my first time to meet him.
 (a) yet (b) before (c) already (d) never
- 106 While for the school bus, I met one of my old friends.
 (a) being waited (b) am waiting (c) was waiting (d) waiting
- 107 My uncleas a taxi driver for ten years. Now, he is a worker in a big clothes factory
 (a) worked (b) was working (c) has worked (d) works
- 108 I haven't seen Wael..... the last time we met in the village.
 (a) while (b) when (c) for (d) since
- 109 My pen friend arrived at Cairo Airport a moment ago. This means that he
 (a) has just arrived (b) just has arrived (c) hasn't arrived (d) will arrive
- 110 I used to play football when I was young, but now I
 (a) am not (b) don't (c) didn't (d) wasn't
- 111 What..... at 7 pm yesterday?
 (a) you were doing (b) have you done (c) were you doing (d) will you be doing
- 112 The government a lot of villages recently.
 (a) has modernised (b) had modernised (c) was modernising (d) was modernised
- 113 Rami is very happy; he a medal for writing poetry.
 (a) is winning (b) won (c) has won (d) had won
- 114 A terrible accident place on the Cairo- Alexandria desert road.
 (a) was taken (b) has taken (c) has been taken (d) had taken
- 115 You needn't make food. I a good meal already.
 (a) was cooking (b) have cooked (c) was cooked (d) had cooked
- 116 She..... dinner when we returned home.
 (a) doesn't make (b) wasn't made (c) isn't making (d) wasn't making
- 117 The robber grabbed the lady's handbag and quickly so he could escape.
 (a) coped up (b) sat down (c) set off (d) broke into

- 118 She while she was working in the garden last weekend.
 (a) was hurting (b) was hurt (c) had hurt (d) hurt
- 119 I like him, but now we're good friends.
 (a) used to (b) didn't use to (c) never use to (d) don't use to
- 120 As my father was exhausted, he fell asleep while TV.
 (a) was watching (b) had watched (c) watching (d) being watched
- 121 This is the best book I
 (a) have never read (b) am reading (c) had ever read (d) have ever read
- 122 He's been back to the office a few-times since he
 (a) has retired (b) had retired (c) retired (d) was retiring
- 123 Has she finished her homework ? It's really surprising.
 (a) already (b) yet (c) recently (d) ever
- 124 Nader hasn't played football his injury.
 (a) ever (b) since (c) for (d) already
- 125 Nora failed the test because she attending class.
 (a) has not been (b) isn't (c) had not been (d) wasn't
- 126 She for weeks before she played the final match.
 (a) has been training (b) has trained (c) had been training (d) been trained
- 127 had I saved a lot of money when I bought a new house.
 (a) No sooner (b) After (c) Before (d) Scarcely
- 128 A: Have you Paris? B: No, I haven't.
 (a) being (b) been to (c) gone to (d) been in
- 129 At four o'clock yesterday evening, I my homework.
 (a) was doing (b) have done (c) was done (d) did
- 130 Do you think Ali is a highly candidate?
 (a) qualify (b) qualification (c) qualified (d) qualifies
- 131 He prefers watching a film listening to music.
 (a) to (b) rather (c) than (d) from
- 132 It is known that women are surgeons than men.
 (a) worst (b) more worse (c) worse (d) bad
- 133 finished my homework, I was able to relax for half an hour.
 (a) Being (b) Having (c) After (d) Before
- 134 Burj Khalifa is Cairo Tower.
 (a) the highest (b) highest (c) higher (d) higher than
- 135 Although Ali for six months, he didn't win an Olympic medal.
 (a) had trained (b) has trained (c) trains (d) had been training
- 136 He for three hours when he ran out of petrol.
 (a) had driven (b) was driving (c) had been driven (d) had been driving
- 137 While Samir was doing his homework, his sister to loud music. So, he wasn't able to concentrate.
 (a) listened (b) was listening (c) is listening (d) had listened
- 138 COVID-19 is still spreading, but the light is at the end of the tunnel. This means that
 (a) we will reach the end of the tunnel. (b) something bad will happen.
 (c) we should have a lot of hope even though everything is dark.
 (d) we shouldn't be optimistic even though everything is clear.
- 139 I applied for the new job and I am waiting for the answer to my application with bated breath. This means that I
 (a) no longer expect that I will get the new job. (b) am waiting hopelessly to get promoted.
 (c) am in a nervous and excited state anticipating what will happen. (d) am sure I will get the new job.



Exercise on writing

- 1 Which of the following sentences is correctly structured?
 - a Finally, the problem was solving.
 - b Finally, the problem was being solved.
 - c Finally, the problem was solved.
 - d Finally, the problem had solved.
- 2 The introduction of the essay is included in the paragraph.
 - a first
 - b second
 - c ending
 - d middle
- 3 'However' 'despite' and 'Although' are all words that can be used
 - a As the first word when you begin an article.
 - b As the last word to end an article.
 - c In a paragraph to show addition
 - d In a paragraph to show contrast
- 4 Which of the following is correctly punctuated?
 - a Mother said, "Where have you been, Ahmed?"
 - b Mother said. "Where have you been, Ahmed?"
 - c Mother said, "where have you been! Ahmed?"
 - d Mother said, "Where have you been? Ahmed?"
- 5 When you write an essay or paragraph, you start with a/an sentence.
 - a closing
 - b introduction
 - c conclusion
 - d ending
- 6 Which of the following is punctuated correctly?
 - a Ayman said, Where did you spend your holiday, Ali?
 - b Ayman said, "Where did you spend your holiday, ali?"
 - c Ayman said, Where did you spend your holiday, Ali.
 - d Ayman said, "Where did you spend your holiday, Ali?"
- 7 A/an essay is a form of academic writing which is built around a detailed description of a person, building, place, situation, etc.
 - a narrative
 - b descriptive
 - c argumentative
 - d formal
- 8 In a formal email, you will conclude it with " ".
 - a Bye
 - b Yours sincerely
 - c See you later
 - d See you soon
- 9 Which of the following is structurally correct?
 - a Since years, I haven't played football.
 - b It's years since I have last played football.
 - c It s years since I played football.
 - d I had played football years ago.
- 10 Which of the following sentences is punctuated correctly?
 - a Ahmad studied six subjects last term Arabic, English, biology, chemistry German and physics.
 - b Ahmad studied six subjects last term: Arabic English, biology, chemistry, German and physics.
 - c Ahmad studied six subjects last term: Arabic, English, biology, chemistry, German and physics.
 - d Ahmad studied six subjects last term Arabic, English, biology chemistry, German and physics.
- 11 One of the following sentences can't be used when you conclude an essay on the advantages of the internet:
 - a To sum up, the internet is one of the most useful inventions.
 - b In my opinion, the internet has a lot of drawbacks in case we use it badly.
 - c In conclusion, the internet is very useful to all of us.
 - d In brief, the internet has made the world a small village.
- 12 Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?
 - a No sooner I had typed the report, than I emailed the manager.
 - b No sooner had I typed the report than I emailed the manager.
 - c I had no sooner typed the report when I emailed the manager.
 - d No sooner I had typed the report when I emailed the manager.
- 13 'This physicist, who broke all the stereotypes of the time, is now a much admired role model for many aspiring female scientists'. This could be part of an article about.....
 - a the inspiration of historic female figures.
 - b the difficulties male scientists face in their jobs.
 - c why it is necessary to be passionate about your job.
 - d why science is not an easy area to work in.
- 14 Which of the following is correctly structured?
 - a I met Eissa last week. I haven't met him since 2018.
 - b I met Eissa last week. I hadn't met him since 2018.
 - c I will meet Eissa next week. I hadn't met him since 2018.
 - d I have met Eissa last week. I hadn't met since 2018.
- 15 When starting an email to a friend, it is a good idea to.....
 - a say that you will write to them soon.
 - b give the necessary information they are looking for.
 - c ask how they are and tell them something about you.
 - d ask about their school friends.

- 16 Which expressions can you not use to start your final paragraph in an essay?
 (a) To sum up (b) In conclusion (c) To conclude (d) Firstly
- 17 Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?
 (a) I haven't seen him for the last time we met in the club.
 (b) I haven't seen him since the last time we met in the club.
 (c) I haven't seen him since the last time we have met in the club.
 (d) I didn't see him since the last time we met in the club.
- 18 Which expressions introduce a sequence of ideas in an essay? There is more than one answer.
 (a) In conclusion, Lastly, In summary (b) On the one hand, On the other hand
 (c) However. In contrast. Nevertheless (d) Firstly, Secondly, Finally
- 19 You can use this expression to say goodbye at the end of an email to a good friend:
 (a) Kind regards (b) I enjoyed reading your email (c) All the best (d) It's great to hear from you
- 20 Which of the following is structurally correct?
 (a) I won't go home until I had finished all my work. (b) I won't go home until I finished all my work.
 (c) I didn't go home until I have finished all my work. (d) I didn't go home until I had finished all my work.
- 21 'Some employees are often overworked and are clearly heading for burnout. Despite this, they carry on, as they are aware of the need to increase their productivity'. This could be part of an article about the problem of
 (a) mental health and well-being. (b) time management of certain employees.
 (c) alternative ways of working. (d) the need for companies to increase productivity.
- 22 Which of the following is correctly structured to show regret?
 (a) I should revise well for the exam. (c) I needn't revise well for the exam.
 (b) I should have revised well for the exam. (d) I oughtn't to have revised well for the exam.
- 23 Which option is not a good way to finish an email to a close friend?
 (a) See you soon (b) Yours sincerely (c) Goodbye (d) All the best
- 24 What can you use when writing an email to a friend?
 (a) contractions (b) full forms (c) passive voice (d) direct speech
- 25 Which of the following sentences is punctuated correctly?
 (a) Adel, who lives in Aswan, is a part time accountant. (b) Adel, who lives in Aswan is a part-time accountant.
 (c) Adel, who lives in Aswan, is a part-time accountant. (d) Adel who lives in Aswan, is a part-time accountant.
- 26 When you want to introduce an opposite opinion when you are writing, you can say
 (a) In the other way (b) On the other hand (c) By the other hand (d) On one side
- 27 I like reading short stories. Moreover, I am fond of writing poetry. This shows
 (a) reason (b) cause (c) addition (d) contrast
- 28 Which of the following sentences can be used to start an essay on overpopulation
 (a) It is crystal clear that overpopulation is one of the biggest challenges we need to face.
 (b) In conclusion, facing overpopulation is the responsibility of the government as well as individuals.
 (c) However, still some people insist on having big families.
 (d) In addition, it is not easy to provide jobs for the increasing numbers of graduates.
- 29 Which sentence is punctuated correctly?
 (a) What amazing news, The police have found Uncle Adel's car.
 (b) What amazing news! The police have found Uncle Adels' car.
 (c) What amazing news! the police have found Uncle Adel's car.
 (d) What amazing news! The police have found Uncle Adel's car.
- 30 The following is part of a/an essay.
 Stanley Bridge is one of the most famous architectural works in Alexandria. It is 400 metres long and 30 metres wide. It has four towers designed in the Islamic style used in the royal palace of Al Montazah. The Bridge was built with the aim of enlarging the Alexandria beachside and decreasing traffic in that area.
 (a) argumentative (b) narrative (c) persuasive (d) descriptive
- 31 Which of the following is punctuated correctly?
 (a) Mona, who was the first to offer help, was a volunteer from the UNICEF.
 (b) Mona who was the first to offer help, was a volunteer from the UNICEF.
 (c) Mona; who was the first to offer help, was a volunteer from the UNICEF.
 (d) Mona; who was the first to offer help was a volunteer from the UNICEF.

- 32 When handling the body of an argumentative essay on the disadvantages of homeschooling, we can use:
- a Most people prefer homeschooling to save their children from being infected with COVID-19.
 - b I'm strongly in favour of homeschooling even if precautionary measures are strictly followed at school.
 - c Those who don't support homeschooling believe that their children are deprived of practising useful activities at school
 - d In my opinion, I see that we can achieve all the outcomes of learning through homeschooling.
- 33 Which of the following is punctuated correctly?
- a The teacher said, You must follow school rules, Ali."
 - b The teacher said, You must follow school rules, Ali".
 - c The teacher said "You must follow school rules, Ali."
 - d The teacher said, "You must follow school rules, Ali."
- 34 Which of the following sentences is correct to end the following paragraph?
- We all agree that money is very important in our life. It enables us to lead a better life. We can buy most of what we need and pay for all the services we enjoy. Yet money can be the root of evil in life if it is used badly. In addition, we can't buy all things with money; for example, money can't bring happiness.
- a To sum up, money is the best way to achieve your goals as well as having a more comfortable life.
 - b Totally, we can say that money is the cause of our happiness.
 - c First of all, we need to know why we need money and how to spend it on doing useful things in life.
 - d In conclusion, money is important, but it is not everything in our life. It can't be a means to get all that you want.
- 35 Which of these transitions is used to show the result of something:
- a Personally,
 - b Whilst
 - c Due to
 - d Consequently,
- 36 Pollution has a serious effect on our health. However, a lot of people are still ignorant of the importance of keeping the environment clean. This shows in ideas.
- a addition
 - b contrast
 - c possibility
 - d reason
- 37 In a hook sentence, you need to
- a sum up your essay by briefly revisiting the information covered.
 - b grab the reader's attention to read the essay.
 - c support, explain, illustrate, or provide evidence for the idea expressed in the topic sentence.
 - d analyze two points of view by either comparing them, contrasting them, or both.
- 38 When writing a formal report, you should use
- a contractions
 - b exclamation marks
 - c a pencil
 - d passive forms
- 39 Which of the following is correctly structured?
- a By next year, I will buy a new car.
 - b By next year, I will have been bought a new car.
 - c By next year, I should have bought a new car.
 - d By next year, I will have bought a new car.
- 40 'Although we are surrounded by these mass-produced devices, this does not mean that their use should be implemented in the future.' This could be part of an essay about
- a technology
 - b equality
 - c mobile phones
 - d films
- 41 Which of the following sentences is structurally INCORRECT?
- a I got my sister to tidy her room
 - b I made my sister tidy her room
 - c My sister was made tidy her room
 - d My sister was supposed to tidy her room
- 42 Samira said, "Why don't we travel to Alexandria by train?" This means.....
- a Samira insisted on travelling to Alexandria by train
 - b Samira suggested travelling to Alexandria by train
 - c Samira asked why we hadn't travelled to Alexandria by train
 - d Samira asked why hadn't we travelled to Alexandria by train
- 43 Yasmeen had her car checked. This means.....
- a Yasmeen checked her car herself
 - b Yasmeen's car should have been checked
 - c Yasmeen's car was checked
 - d Yasmeen's car can't be checked
- 44 Which of the following sentences can be used to start an essay on overpopulation:
- a To sum up, facing overpopulation is the responsibility of the government as well as individuals
 - b It is taken for granted that overpopulation is one of the biggest challenges we need to face
 - c However, some people still insist on having big families
 - d In addition, it is not easy to provide jobs for the increasing numbers of graduates
- 45 Which of the following transitions shows cause?
- a however
 - b firstly
 - c therefore
 - d due to

- 46 Which of the following is structurally correct?
 (a) Once I have heard the good news, I contacted Adel. (b) Once I heard the good news, I had contacted Adel
 (c) Once I had been hearing the good news, I contacted Adel. (d) Once I had heard the good news, I contacted Adel.
- 47 Which of the following is structurally correct?
 (a) I haven't handed in my answer sheet until I'd gone over all the questions again.
 (b) I didn't hand in my answer sheet until I'd gone over all the questions again.
 (c) I won't hand in my answer sheet until I went over all the questions again.
 (d) I didn't hand in my answer sheet until I've gone all the questions again.
- 48 Which of the following is punctuated correctly?
 (a) Amani said "What a wonderful surprise. It's nice to see you here, Adel."
 (b) Amani said, "what a wonderful surprise! It's nice to see you here, Adel."
 (c) Amani said, "What a wonderful surprise! It's nice to see you here, Adel."
 (d) Amani said, "What a wonderful surprise It s nice to see you here, Adel."
- 49 A narrative essay
 (a) recounts an incident or experience that either you or others have experienced.
 (b) requires you to investigate an idea, evaluate evidence, and set forth an argument concerning that idea in a clear and concise manner
 (c) is a form of academic writing in which you argue for a point or an opinion you support clearly.
 (d) is a form of academic writing that is built around a detailed description of a person, building, place, situation, notion, etc.
- 50 An argumentative essay
 (a) recounts an incident that either you or others have experienced.
 (b) requires you to investigate an idea, evaluate evidence and set forth an argument concerning that idea.
 (c) tells readers a story, often about an experience that resulted in a powerful life change
 (d) is a form of academic writing that is built around a detailed description of a person, building, place, situation, notion, etc.
- 51 Which of the following is punctuated correctly?
 (a) Did you know that I'd been working from home for two months, Hatim
 (b) Did you know that I'd been working from home for two months Hatim?
 (c) Did you know that I d been working from home for two months, Hatim?
 (d) Did you know that I'd been working from home for two months, Hatim?
- 52 Which of the following is structurally correct?
 (a) Have you already travelled to Aswan by ship? (b) Have you ever travelled to Aswan by ship?
 (c) I haven't already travelled to Aswan by ship. (d) I haven't travelled to Aswan by ship already.
- 53 Which paragraph tells a story?
 (a) Descriptive paragraph (b) Narrative paragraph (c) Expository paragraph (d) Persuasive paragraph
- 54 In a formal email, you will conclude it with" "
 (a) Bye (b) Yours sincerely (c) See you later (d) See you soon
- 55 Which of the following sentences has the correct punctuation?
 (a) In the evening let's go to the cinema; (b) In the evening, let's go to the cinema.
 (c) In the evening, Let's go to the cinema (d) In the evening: let's go to the cinema.
- 56 A terrible accident happened in Banha, Which of the following completions shows result?
 (a) due to the rash driver. (b) although the driver was careful.
 (c) so some people were sent to hospital. (d) but no one died.
- 57 Which of the following sentences has the correct structure?
 (a) Al Daifi had no sooner finished the exam then he printed it.
 (b) Al Daifi had no sooner finished the exam than he prints it.
 (c) No sooner had Al Daifi finished the exam than he printed it.
 (d) No sooner had Al Daifi finished the exam than he had printed it. □
- 58 I don't know how much he had paid for our dinner
 (a) . (b) ! (c) : (d) ?
- 59 How marvelous
 (a) . (b) ! (c) ? (d) :
- 60 He cried, 'Help Help '
 (a) . (b) ; (c) : (d) !

Translation			
economy	الاقتصاد	terrorism	الإرهاب
tourism	السياحة	solve	يحل
industry	الصناعة	democracy	ديمقراطية
trade	التجارة / يتاجر	freedom	حرية
culture	الثقافة	reduce	يقلل
agriculture	الزراعة	national income	الدخل القومي
progress	التقدم	pollution	التلوث
invest	يستثمر	over population	الزيادة السكانية
investor	مستثمر	birth control	تنظيم النسل
investment	الاستثمار	stimulate	ينشط / يحفز / يحث
prosperity	الرخاء	vital role	دور حيوي
welfare	الرفاهية	hard currency	العملة الصعبة
flourish	يزدهر	backbone	عمود فقري
reform	إصلاح	natural resources	موارد طبيعية
improve / develop	يحسن / يطور	self-reliance	الاعتماد على الذات
development	التنمية	self-sufficiency	الاكتفاء الذاتي
globalization	العولمة	self-control	ضبط النفس
loyalty	انتماء	self-sacrifice	التضحية بالذات
legal	شرعي / قانوني	revolution	الثورة
mass media	وسائل الإعلام	destruction	تخريب / دمار
overcome	يتغلب علي	principles	مبادئ
issue	قضية	civilization	حضارة
protect from	يحمي من	equality	مساواة
awareness	الوعي	set up	ينشئ / يؤسس
unemployment	البطالة	disputes	نزاعات / خلافات
including	متضمناً	rights	حقوق
rationalize	يرشد / يقتصد	project	مشروع
a source of	مصدر لـ	service	خدمة
hinder	يعوق / عائق	shortage	نقص / عجز
prevent	يمنع	society	مجتمع
crisis	أزمة	education	التعليم
seek to	يسعى الي	ignorance	الجهل
devote	يكرس / يتفرغ لـ	charming	جذاب / جذاب
citizen	مواطن	efforts	جهود
unite	يتحد	value	قيمة
rate	معدل	contribute to	يساهم في
job opportunities	فرص عمل	cooperation	التعاون
slogan	شعار	developing countries	الدول النامية
slums	العشوائيات	impact	تأثير
spread	انتشار / ينتشر	bullying	البلطجة / التنمر
renaissance	نهضة	procedures	إجراءات
disaster	كارثة	motives	دوافع
disastrous	مدمر / كارثي	enrich	يثرى / يعزز
reclamation	استصلاح	glory	المجد
recycling	إعادة تصنيع	justice	العدالة
organisation	منظمة / مؤسسة	injustice	الظلم
heritage	التراث	rights	حقوق
		drugs	عقاقير / مخدرات
		policy	السياسة
		benefits	فوائد
		aim to / at	يهدف إلى
		reinforce	يقوي / يدعم / يعزز
		consume	يستهلك
		manufacture	يصنع
		housing	الإسكان
		migration	هجرة
		crime	الجريمة
		safety	الآمن
		loyalty	الولاء
		tolerance	التسامح
		factors	عوامل
		shortage	نقص
		relations	علاقات
		attitude	سلوك / اتجاه / موقف
		eliminate	يقضي على
		get rid of	يتخلص من
		book fair	معرض الكتاب
		illiteracy	الامية
		immigration	الهجرة
		national	قومي / وطني
		field	مجال
		owe	يدين
		heritage	تراث
		politician	سياسي (شخص)
		politics	علم السياسة
		harness	يسخر / يستغل
		pillars	ركائز
		involve	يشمل / يتضمن
		be aware of	على وعي بـ
		generation	جيل / توليد (للطاقة)
		ignore	يتجاهل
		national duty	واجب وطني
		independence	الاستقلال
		obstacles	عقبات
		service	خدمة / يخدم
		conflict	صراع
		peace	السلام
		honour	شرف / شهامة / يكرم
		homeless	متشرد
		homelessness	التشرد
		influence	يؤثر / تأثير
		prevention	وقاية
		knowledge	المعرفة
		manners	سلوكيات / أخلاق

1 Innovation is endless. The more man seeks progress and welfare, the more he invents things that make life easier. However, do you think all inventions don't have negative aspects?

- (a) الابتكار لا نهاية له. فكلما ابتكر الإنسان أشياء تجعل الحياة أسهل، كلما سعى إلى التقدم والرفاهية، مع ذلك، هل تعتقد أن كل الاختراعات ليست لها جوانب إيجابية؟
(b) الابتكار لا نهاية له. فكلما سعى الإنسان إلى التقدم والتطور، كلما ابتكر أشياء تجعل الحياة أسهل. ولذلك، هل تعتقد أن كل الاختراعات ليست لها جوانب سلبية؟
(c) الابتكار لا نهاية له. فكلما سعى الإنسان إلى التقدم والرفاهية، كلما ابتكر أشياء تجعل الحياة أسهل. ومع ذلك، هل تعتقد أن كل الاختراعات ليست لها جوانب سلبية؟
(d) الرفاهية لا نهاية لها. فكلما سعى الإنسان إلى التقدم والرفاهية، كلما ابتكر أشياء تجعل الحياة أسرع. ومع ذلك، هل تعتقد أن الرفاهية ليست لها جوانب سلبية؟

2 Women have played a pivotal role in the renaissance of ancient and modern societies. Through this role, they demonstrated their ability to achieve positive change in those societies.

- (a) لقد أظهرت المرأة دوراً محورياً في نهضة المجتمعات القديمة والحديثة. واستعرضت في تلك الفترة قدرتها على تحقيق التغيير النسبي في تلك المجتمعات.
(b) لقد لعبت المرأة دوراً محورياً في بناء المجتمعات القديمة والحديثة. وأظهرت من خلال هذا الدور رغبتها في تحقيق التغيير الإيجابي في تلك المجتمعات.
(c) لقد لعبت المرأة دوراً عادياً في نهضة المجتمعات القديمة والحديثة. وأظهرت من خلال هذا الدور قدرتها على تحقيق التغيير الإيجابي في تلك الحضارات.
(d) لقد لعبت المرأة دوراً محورياً في نهضة المجتمعات القديمة والحديثة. وأظهرت من خلال هذا الدور قدرتها على تحقيق التغيير الإيجابي في تلك المجتمعات.

3 A lot of people worked from home during the COVID-19 pandemic. Many employees say this has increased their efficiency and saved time and effort.

- (a) عمل الكثير من الناس من المنزل خلال جائحة كوفيد-19، ويقول العديد من العلماء إن هذا زاد من رفاهيتهم ووفر الوقت والجهد.
(b) عمل الكثير من الناس من المنزل خلال جائحة كوفيد-19، ويقول العديد من الموظفين إن هذا زاد من كفاءتهم ووفر الوقت والجهد.
(c) عمل الكثير من الناس من المنزل بعد جائحة كوفيد-19، ويقول العديد من أصحاب العمل إن هذا زاد من نشاط الموظفين ووفر الوقت والجهد.
(d) أقام الكثير من الناس في المنزل خلال جائحة كوفيد-19، ويقول القليل من الموظفين إن هذا زاد من كفاءتهم ووفر الوقت والجهد.

4 Productivity is one of the most necessary qualities useful citizens should have. It enables them to share effectively in development projects as well as in most fields of work.

- (a) تعتبر الإنتاجية من أهم السمات التي يجب أن يتمتع بها المواطنون الصالحون. فهي تمكنهم من المشاركة بفاعلية في مشروعات التنمية وكذلك في معظم مجالات العمل.
(b) تعتبر الإنتاجية من أهم المؤهلات التي يجب أن يتمتع بها المواطنون الصالحون. فهي تمكنهم من المشاركة بفاعلية في خطط التنمية وكذلك في معظم مجالات العمل.
(c) تعتبر الإنتاجية من أهم السمات التي يجب أن يتمتع بها أي مواطن، فهي تمكنه من المشاركة بفاعلية في مشروعات الاستثمار وكذلك في معظم مجالات العمل.
(d) تعتبر جودة الإنتاج من أهم السمات التي يجب أن يتمتع بها المواطن المصري. فهي تمكنه من المشاركة بفاعلية في مشروعات التنمية وكذلك في معظم مجالات العمل.

5 There are a lot of jobs that can be done online. These jobs vary according to the tasks required and suit a lot of people who are currently unemployed.

- (a) هناك القليل من الوظائف التي يمكن القيام بها عبر الإنترنت. تختلف هذه الوظائف وفقاً للراتب الذي يدفع لك، وهو الشيء الذي يناسب الكثير من الأشخاص الذين ليس لديهم وظائف للقيام بها.
(b) هناك الكثير من الوظائف التي يمكن القيام بها عبر الإنترنت. تختلف هذه الوظائف وفقاً للمهام التي يتطلبها العمل. وهو الشيء الذي يناسب الكثير من الأشخاص الذين ليس لديهم وظائف في الوقت الحالي.
(c) هناك الكثير من الوظائف التي يمكنك قبولها عبر الإنترنت. تختلف هذه الوظائف وفقاً للمهام التي يتم التعامل معها. وهو الشيء الذي يناسب الكثير من الشباب الذين تركوا وظائفهم.
(d) هناك الكثير من الوظائف التي تبحث عنها عبر الإنترنت. تختلف هذه الوظائف وفقاً للمهام التي يتم التعامل معها. وهو الشيء قد لا يناسب الكثير من الأشخاص الذين ليس لديهم وظائف للقيام بها.

6 Production must go side by side with global quality. We should increase and improve our local products so that we can compete in the global market.

- (a) لا بد أن يسير الإنتاج جنباً إلى جنب مع الجودة العالمية. وعلينا زيادة وتحسين منتجاتنا المحلية للمنافسة في السوق العالمية والوطن العربي.
(b) لا بد أن يسير الابتكار جنباً إلى جنب مع الجودة العالمية. وعلينا زيادة تصدير منتجاتنا المحلية لمواجهة المنافسة في السوق العالمية.
(c) لا بد أن يسير الإنتاج جنباً إلى جنب مع الجودة العالمية. وعلينا زيادة وتحسين منتجاتنا المحلية للمنافسة في السوق العالمية.
(d) لا بد أن يسير الإنتاج جنباً إلى جنب مع الكمية العالمية. وعلينا زيادة وتحسين منتجاتنا المصرية لمواجهة المنافسة في كل مكان.

7 One's well-being is high priority to maintain health and social care. Therefore, we should pay more attention to our well-being, so we can have an influential role in live.

- (a) تعد الرعاية الصحية أولوية قصوى في الحفاظ على الرعاية الاجتماعية. ومن ثم، يجب أن نولي ذلك العناية الواجبة ليكون لنا دور مؤثر في الحياة.
(b) تعد الرعاية الصحية أولوية قصوى في الحفاظ على الناحية الصحية. ولهذا السبب، يجب أن نولي ذلك العناية الواجبة ليكون لنا دور مؤثر في الحياة.
(c) تعد الرعاية الاجتماعية أولوية عالية في الحفاظ على الناحية النفسية. ومن أجل هذا، يجب أن نولي المزيد من الاهتمام للرفاهية ليكون لنا دور مؤثر في الحياة.
(d) يعد الاهتمام بالنفس أولوية عالية في الحفاظ على الرعاية الصحية والاجتماعية. ولذلك، يجب أن نولي المزيد من الاهتمام بانفسنا ليكون لنا دور مؤثر في الحياة.

8 Encouraging people to work from home is very useful in times of epidemics. This in turn, helps us to save time and effort and keeps us away from infection.

- (a) إن تشجيع الناس على الإقامة في المنزل مفيد للغاية في وقت انتشار الأوبئة. وهذا بدوره يساعدنا على توفير الوقت والابتعاد عن العدوى.
(b) إن تشجيع الناس على العمل من المنزل ملائم للغاية في وقت انتشار الأوبئة. وهذا بدوره يساعدنا على توفير المال والجهد والابتعاد عن العدوى.
(c) إن تشجيع الناس على العمل من المنزل مفيد للغاية في وقت انتشار الأوبئة. وهذا بدوره يساعدنا على توفير الجهد والابتعاد عن العدوى.
(d) تشجع الحكومة الناس على العمل من المنزل لأنه مفيد للغاية في وقت علاج الأوبئة. وهذا بدوره يساعدنا على توفير الوقت والجهد وتقليل العدوى.

9 Reading is very useful. It stimulates the memory centres of your mind and arouses your imagination. Also, it helps recall information and stabilise your emotions.

- (a) القراءة شيقة جداً. فهي تحفز مراكز الذكرى في عقلك وتثير خيالك. كما أنها تساعد في استدعاء المعلومات وكذلك استعراض عواطفك.
(b) القراءة مفيدة جداً. فهي تحفز مراكز الذاكرة في عقلك وتثير خيالك. كما أنها تساعد في استدعاء المعلومات وكذلك استقرار عواطفك.
(c) القراءة مفيدة جداً. فهي تبني مراكز الذاكرة في عقلك وتثير خيالك. كما أنها تساعد في زيادة المعلومات وكذلك استقرار عواطفك.
(d) القراءة مفيدة جداً. فهي تحفز مراكز الذاكرة في خيالك، وتثير عقلك. كما أنها تساعد في استدعاء المعلومات وكذلك استمرار عواطفك.

10 You should be ambitious. You must always have some targets and a role model to motivate you to do your best to accomplish all your dreams in life.

- Ⓐ يجب أن تكون طموحاً. فلا بد أن يكون لديك دائماً مجموعة من الأحلام ونموذج يحتذى به لتحفيزك على بذل قصارى جهدك لتحقيق كل أهدافك في الحياة.
Ⓑ يجب أن تكون صالحاً. فلا بد أن يكون لديك دائماً مجموعة من الأهداف ونموذج عالمي لتحفيزك على بذل قصارى جهدك لتحقيق كل أحلامك في الحياة.
Ⓒ يجب أن تكون طموحاً. فلا بد أن يكون لديك دائماً كمية من الأموال ونموذج يحتذى به لتحفيزك على بذل قصارى جهدك لتحقيق بعض أحلامك في الحياة.
Ⓓ يجب أن تكون طموحاً. فلا بد أن يكون لديك دائماً مجموعة من الأهداف ونموذج يحتذى به لتحفيزك على بذل قصارى جهدك لتحقيق كل أحلامك في الحياة.

11 Education is one of the most important forms of investment this, in turn, enables the ministry of education to create productive and creative citizens.

- Ⓐ يعد التعلم من أهم أشكال الاستثمار. وهذا بدوره يمكن الدولة من خلق مواطنين منتجين ومبدعين.
Ⓑ يعتبر التعلم من أهم أشكال الاستثمار. وهذا بدوره يمكن وزارة التربية والتعليم من خلق مواطنين منتجين ومبدعين.
Ⓒ إن التعليم من أهم نتائج الاستثمار. وهذا بدوره يحفز الحكومة من خلق مواطنين منتجين ومبدعين.
Ⓓ التعليم من أقل أشكال الاستثمار. وهذا بدوره يعوق وزارة التربية والتعليم من خلق مواطنين منتجين ومبدعين.

12 The area of agricultural land in the world decreases as a result desertification.

- Ⓐ تقل مساحة الأرض الزراعية في العالم نتيجة للتصحّر.
Ⓑ تتناقص مساحة الأرض الزراعية نتيجة لجفاف الصحراء.
Ⓒ تقل مساحة الأرض الزراعية في العالم لصعوبة المناخ في الصحراء.
Ⓓ تتضاءل مساحة الأرض الزراعية في العالم نتيجة للجفاف الصحراوي.

13 Usually the fewer the number of people who have something, the more valuable that thing is.

- Ⓐ دائماً كلما قل عدد الناس الذين يملكون شيئاً ما، كلما زادت قيمة هذا الشيء.
Ⓑ عادة كلما قل عدد الناس الذين يملكون شيئاً ما، كلما قلت قيمة هذا الشيء.
Ⓒ عادة كلما زاد عدد الناس الذين يملكون شيئاً ما، كلما زادت قيمة هذا الشيء.
Ⓓ عادة كلما قل عدد الناس الذين يملكون شيئاً ما، كلما زادت قيمة هذا الشيء.

14 Reading literature shapes our minds and teachers us issues about the change of society.

- Ⓐ قراءة الأدب تشكل عقولنا وتعلمنا قضايا حول تغير المجتمع.
Ⓑ تشكل عقولنا الأدب وتعلمنا القراءة من قضايا تغير المجتمع.
Ⓒ تغير المجتمع يعتمد على قراءة الأدب وتشكيل عقولنا.
Ⓓ الأدب يشكل قراءة عقولنا وتعلمنا قضايا حول تغير المجتمع.

15 A goal is something you want to achieve. First, you must decide what your goal is.

- Ⓐ الهدف شيء ما تريد تحقيقه. أولاً يجب أن تقرر ما هو هدفك
Ⓑ الهدف شيء ما نريد احرازه. أولاً قرر ما هو الهدف الذي تريد احرازه
Ⓒ الهدف الذي نحرزه هو شيء ما. فاولاً قرر أين تريد احرازه
Ⓓ الهدف ضمن أشياء تريد تحقيقها. أولاً قرر أين يكون هدفك

16 Scientific research plays an important role in discovering new treatments and making sure that we use existing treatments in the best possible ways.

- Ⓐ يلعب البحث العلمي دوراً مهماً في اكتشاف علاجات جديدة والتأكد من أننا نستخدم العلاجات الحالية بأفضل الطرق الممكنة.
Ⓑ يلعب البحث العلمي دوراً مهماً في اختراع علاجات جديدة والتأكد من أننا نستخدم العلاجات الحالية بأفضل الطرق الممكنة.
Ⓒ يلعب البحث العلمي دوراً مهماً في اكتشاف علاجات جديدة والتأكد من أننا نستخدم العلاجات الحالية بأفضل الطرق الممكنة.
Ⓓ يلعب البحث العلمي دوراً مهماً في اكتشاف علاجات جديدة والتأكد من أننا نستخدم العلاجات السابقة بأفضل الطرق الممكنة.

17 The world is witnessing a lot of epidemics such as the Coronavirus pandemic, which has killed millions of people and affected the world economy seriously.

- Ⓐ يشهد العالم الكثير من الأوبئة مثل جائحة فيروس كورونا الذي قتل ملايين من البشر وأثر بشكل خطير على الاقتصاد العالمي.
Ⓑ يشهد العالم الكثير من الأوبئة مثل جائحة فيروس كورونا الذي أصاب آلاف البشر وأثر بشكل خطير على الاقتصاد العالمي.
Ⓒ شهد العالم الكثير من الأوبئة مثل جائحة فيروس كورونا الذي قتل ملايين من البشر وأثر بشكل خطير على الاقتصاد المحلي.
Ⓓ يشهد العالم الكثير من الأوبئة مثل جائحة فيروس كورونا الذي أضر ملايين من البشر وأثر بشكل خطير على الاقتصاد العالمي.

18 Accepting others is a highly civilized trait that we all should have. You can express your opinion and respect the opinion of others as well.

- Ⓐ يعتبر قبول الآخرين سمه متحضره للغاية يجب أن نتحلى بها جميعاً. يمكنك التعبير عن رأيك واحترام آراء الآخرين أيضاً.
Ⓑ يعتبر قبول الآخرين سمه متعصبه للغاية يجب أن نتحلى بها جميعاً. يمكنك التعبير عن رأيك واحترام آراء الآخرين أيضاً.
Ⓒ يعتبر قبول الآخرين سمه متعصبه للغاية يجب أن نتحلى بها جميعاً. يمكنك التعبير عن رأيك واحتراس آراء الآخرين أيضاً.
Ⓓ يعتبر قبول الآخرين سمه متعصبه للغاية يجب أن نتحلى بها جميعاً. يمكنك التعبير عن رأيك واحترام آراء الآخرين أيضاً.

19 Some people believe that social networking webs.

- Ⓐ يعتقد البعض أن مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي تلعب دوراً عابراً في تقوية العلاقات الانسانية بينما يعتقد بعض الآخر أنها جعل العلاقات فاتره.
Ⓑ يعتقد البعض أن مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي تلعب دوراً بارزاً في تقليص العلاقات الانسانية بينما يعتقد بعض الآخر أنها جعل العلاقات فاتره.
Ⓒ يعتقد البعض أن مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي تلعب دوراً بارزاً في تقوية العلاقات الانسانية بينما يعتقد بعض الآخر أنها جعل العلاقات فاتره.
Ⓓ يعتقد البعض أن مواقع التواصل الاجتماعي تلعب دوراً بارزاً في تقوية العلاقات الانسانية بينما ينفي البعض الآخر أنها جعل العلاقات فاتره.

20 Women stand side by side with men in making progress everywhere. Yet, do you think that women can occupy jobs that have a risk factor as efficiently as men?

- Ⓐ تشارك المرأة في مساعدة الرجل في احراز التقدم في كل مكان. ومع ذلك، هل تعتقد أن المرأة قادرة على شغل الوظائف التي تنطوي على مخاطرة بكفاءة مثل الرجل؟
Ⓑ تقف المرأة جنباً الى جنب مع الرجل في احراز التقدم في كل مكان. ومع ذلك، هل تعتقد أن المرأة قادرة على شغل الوظائف التي تنطوي على مخاطرة بكفاءة مثل الرجل؟
Ⓒ تقف المرأة جنباً الى جنب مع الرجل في تحقيق الرفاهية في كل مكان. ومع ذلك، هل تعتقد أن المرأة قادرة على شغل الوظائف التي تنطوي على مخاطرة بكفاءة مثل الرجل؟
Ⓓ تشارك المرأة في مساعدة الرجل في احراز التقدم في كل مكان. ومع ذلك، هل تعتقد أن المرأة قادرة على الاستمرار في الوظائف التي تنطوي على مخاطرة بكفاءة مثل الرجل؟

21 The Ministry of Housing has announced that Egypt will be a slum-free country by the end of 2030.

- أعلنت وزارة الإسكان أن مصر ستكون دولة خالية من العشوائيات قبل نهاية عام ٢٠٣٠. (ب) أعلنت وزارة الإسكان أن مصر ستكون دولة حرة من العشوائيات بنهاية عام ٢٠٣٠. (ج) أعلنت وزارة التسكين أن مصر ستكون دولة خالية من العشوائيات خلال عام ٢٠٣٠. (د) أعلنت وزارة المنازل أن مصر ستتفرغ للعشوائيات بنهاية عام ٢٠٣٠.

22 We can read thousands of newspapers and magazines from around the globe online. Subscribers get access to more than 7,000 of the world's top publications as soon as they're available for free or according to the rules.

- يمكننا قراءة آلاف الصحف والمجلات من جميع أنحاء العالم عبر الإنترنت. يمكن للمشتركين الوصول إلى أكثر من ٧٠٠٠ من أفضل المنشورات في العالم بمجرد توفرها مجاناً أو وفقاً للقواعد (ب) يمكننا قراءة آلاف الصحف والمجلات من جميع أنحاء العالم عبر الإنترنت. يمكن للناشرين الوصول إلى أكثر من ٧٠٠٠ من أفضل المنشورات في العالم بمجرد توفرها مجاناً أو وفقاً للقواعد (ج) يمكننا قراءة آلاف الصحف والمجلات من جميع أنحاء العالم عبر الإنترنت. يمكن للمشتركين الوصول إلى أكثر من ٧٠٠٠ من أفضل المنشورات في العالم بمجرد توفرها مجاناً أو وفقاً للقواعد (د) يمكننا قراءة آلاف الصحف والمجلات من جميع أنحاء العالم عبر الإنترنت. يمكن للمستوردين الوصول إلى أكثر من ٧٠٠٠ من أفضل المنشورات في العالم بمجرد توفرها مجاناً أو وفقاً للقواعد

٢٣ لقد يسرت التجارة الالكترونية على مثير من الناس عملية البيع والشراء إلكترونياً، وهذا بدوره يوفر الوقت والجهد فضلاً عن خلق مناخ تنافسي يصب في صالح المستهلك أولاً

- (أ) E-commerce has made it easier for many people to buy and trade electronically. This, in turn, saves time and effort in addition to creating a competitive climate that benefits the producer first.
(ب) E-learning has made it easier for many people to buy and sell electronically. This, in turn, saves time and effort in addition to creating a complete climate that benefits the consumer first.
(ج) E-commerce has made it easier for many people to buy and sell electronically. This, in turn, saves time and effort in addition to creating a competitive environment that benefits the consumer first.
(د) E-commerce has made it easier for many people to buy and sell electrically. This, in turn, saves time and effort in addition to creating a competitive environment that fits the consumer first. □

٢٤ بالمقارنة مع الجولات السابقة، حققت الرياضة المصرية نجاحاً كبيراً في اليابان. في دورة الألعاب الأولمبية الصيفية لعام ٢٠٢٠، أصبحت فريال أول لاعبة مصرية تفوز بميدالية ذهبية في حدث السيدات +٦١ كجم.

- (أ) Like previous rounds, Egyptian sports have achieved a great deal of success in Japan. At the 2020 Summer Olympics, Feryal Ashraf became the first Egyptian player to win a gold medal in the women's +61kg event. □
(ب) In comparison to previous rounds, Egyptian sports have achieved a great deal of success in Japan. At the 2020 Winter Olympics, Feryal Ashraf became the first Egyptian player to win a gold medal in the women's +61kg event. □
(ج) In comparison to previous rounds, Egyptian sports have achieved a great deal of success in Japan. At the 2020 Summer Olympics, Feryal Ashraf became the second Egyptian player to win a silver medal in the women's +61kg event. □
(د) In comparison to previous rounds, Egyptian sports have achieved a great deal of success in Japan. At the 2020 Summer Olympics, Feryal Ashraf became the first Egyptian player to win a gold medal in the women's +61kg event.

٢٥ تبذل الحكومة أقصى جهد لها لتمكين المواطن المصري من مجابهة ارتفاع تكلفة المعيشة.

- (أ) The government does its best to enable the Egyptian citizen to face the rising cost of living.
(ب) The government does its best to unable the Egyptian citizen to face the rising cost of living.
(ج) The government does its best to enable the Egyptian citizen to face the low cost of living.
(د) The government does its best to enable the Egyptian citizen to face the low cost of living.

٢٦ يعد تغير مفهوم التعليم من الحفظ والتلقين إلى التفكير الناقد والابداع.

- (أ) The understanding of education has changed from keeping and introduction to critical thinking and creativity.
(ب) Learning has become changed instead of saving and narrating to creative thinking and creation.
(ج) Teaching exchanges critical thinking and creativity for memorizing and indoctrination
(د) The concept of education has changed from memorizer and indoctrination to critical thinking and creativity.

٢٧ الإنترنت ومواقع التواصل الاجتماعي هما أسرع نظام اتصال في تاريخ البشرية.

- (أ) The internet and social networking sites are the fastest growing communication system in human history.
(ب) The internet and social networking sights are the fastest growing communication system in human history.
(ج) The internet and social networking sites are the fastest growth contact system in humane history.
(د) The internet and social networking websites ate the fastest growth contact system in human history.

٢٨ يجب أن نرشد استهلاكنا من المياه والا سوف نواجه مشكلات خطيرة في المستقبل القريب.

- (أ) We must rationalize our consumption of water, or we will face serious problems in the near future.
(ب) We have to nationalise our consumption of water, or we will face serious problems in the near future
(ج) We should rationalize our consumption of water, or we will face series problems in the near future.
(د) We have to rationalize our consumption of water, or we face dangerous problems in the near future

٢٩ لابد أن نتعلم كيفية إدارة وترتيب أولوياتك حتى تنجز الكثير من المهام المختلفة بكفاءة وفي وقت مناسب، وهذا بالتأكيد يجعلك شخصاً منتجاً وناجحاً في الحياة.

- (أ) You must learn how to arrange your time and manage your priorities in order to accomplish a lot of different tasks efficiently promptly. This definitely makes you a productive and successful person in life.
(ب) You must learn how to manage your time and arrange your priorities to accomplish a lot of different tasks sufficiently promptly. This definitely makes you a productive and successful person in career.
(ج) You must learn how to manage your time and arrange your priorities to accomplish a lot of different tasks efficiently in a timely manner. This definitely makes you a productive and successful person in life.

- ٣٠ You must learn when to manage your time and arrange your priorities in order to refresh a lot of different tasks efficiently in a timely manner. This definitely makes you a consumer and successful person in life.

خلال العام أو العامين المقبلين، سيعمل معظمنا عبر الإنترنت بمساعدة الذكاء الاصطناعي. هل تعتقد أن هذا سيمكننا من تحقيق المزيد من التقدم؟

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مشروعات التنمية في بلدهم.

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- د In the next few decades, I think that we will have stopped printing newspapers. We will be reading the news online, so we will need to know about new websites that can give us a balanced point of view.

٣٦ يهدف منتدى شباب العالم المُقام في مصر سنوياً إلى الدعم الكامل للشباب، وتحديد كل المشكلات التي تواجههم وحلها للاستفادة بشكل فعال من مهاراتهم وإمكانياتهم في تطوير المجتمع وتحقيق التنمية الشاملة.

- ا The International Men Forum, which is held in Egypt annually, aims to fully support young people and identify and solve all the problems they face, to effectively benefit from their skills and capabilities in developing society and achieving comprehensive improvement.
- ب The World Youth Forum, which is annually held in Egypt, aims to fully support youth and identify and solve the problems they face, to effectively benefit from their skills and capabilities in developing society and achieving comprehensive development
- ج The International Youth Forum, which is held in Egypt annually, seems to fully care for young people and simplify and solve the problems they face to effectively benefit from their skills and capabilities in improving society and achieving comprehensive development.
- د The local Youth Forum, which is held in Egypt annually, aims to fully look for young people and identify and postpone all the problems they face to effectively benefit from their skills and capabilities in developing society and achieving comprehensive development.

٣٧ تهتم الدولة دائماً بحماية حقوق الملكية الفكرية للمؤلفين والناشرين، لذا تفرض عقوبة صارمة على القرصنة الفكرية وتسريب الكتب حفاظاً على حقوق المنتجين ودور النشر.

- ا The estate is always takes care of protect the intellectual property rights of authors and publishers, so it imposes a strict penalty on intellectual piracy and book leak in order to preserve the rights of producers and publishing homes.
- ب The state is always interested in protecting the intellectual property rights of authors and publishers, so it propose a strict penalty on intellectual privacy and book diversion in order to preserve the rights of producers and publishing houses.
- ج The state is always interested in protecting the intellectual property rights of authors and publishers, so it imposes a strict penalty on intellectual piracy and book leaking in order to preserve the rights of producers and publishing houses.
- د The estate is always interested in protecting the intellectual liberty rights of authors and publishers, so it imposes a strict penalty on intellectual piracy and book lake in order to preserve the rights of producers and publishing houses.

٣٨ الماء أساس حياة الإنسان والحيوان والنبات، واستخدامه لا يقتصر على الشرب فقط، بل هو أساس الأمن الغذائي بالنسبة للإنسان والحيوان، ذلك لابد من استخدامه بعناية كبيرة.

- ا Water's the basis of human. animal and planet life, and its use is not limited to drinking only, but is the basis of food security for humans and animals. Therefore, it must be used with great care.
- ب Water is the basis of human, animal and plant life, and its use is not limited to drinking only, but it is also the basis of food security for humans and animals. Therefore, it must be used with great care.
- ج Water is the basis of humane, animal and plant life, and its use is not limited to cooking only. but is the basis of food security for humans and animals. However, it must be used with great care.
- د Water is the basis of human, animal and plant life, and its use is not limited to cooking only, but is the basis of food security for humans and animals. However, it must be used with great care.

٣٩ تنفذ الحكومة المصرية سياسة إصلاح اقتصادي طويلة الأمد، ومن المتوقع أن يجنى الأجيال القادمة ثمار تلك السياسة في المستقبل.

- ا The Egyptian government is implementing a long-term scientific reform policy. It is accepted that the next generations will reap the fruits of this policy in the near future.
- ب The Egyptian government is implementing a short-term economic reform policy. It is expected that the next generations will reap the fruits of this policy in the future.
- ب The Egyptian government is implementing a long-term economic reform policy. It is expected that the next generations will reap the fruits of this policy in the future.
- ج The Egyptian government is planning for a long-term scientific reform policy. It is expected that the next generations will reap the fruits of this policy in the near future.

٤٠ تسير مصر بخطى ثابتة في مجال الإصلاح الاقتصادي جنباً إلى جنب مع محاربة الإرهاب وحماية الناس من فيروس كورونا.

- ا Egypt is moving at a steady pace in the field of economic reform, side by side with fighting terrorism and infecting people with the coronavirus.
- ب Egypt is moving at a steady pace in the field of economic reform, alongside fighting terrorism and protecting people from the coronavirus.
- ج Egypt is moving at a steady pace in the field of social reform, side by side with fighting tourism and protecting people from the coronavirus.
- د Egypt is moving at a steady peace in the field of economic return, alongside fighting terrorism and protecting people from the coronavirus.



Today's grandparents are joining their grandchildren on social media. In the UK the over-55s are joining Facebook in **increasing** numbers. Sheila, aged 59, says, 'I joined to see what my grandchildren are doing, as my daughter posts videos and photos of them. It's a much better way to see what they're doing than waiting for letters and photos in the post. That's how we did it when I was a child, but I think I'm lucky I get to see so much more of their lives than my grandparents did. Surprisingly, children under 17 in the UK are leaving the site but they're not going far from their smartphones. Chloe, aged 15, even sleeps with her phone. 'It's my alarm clock so I have to,' she says. 'I look at it before I go to sleep and as soon as I wake up. Unlike her grandmother's generation, Chloe's age group is spending so much time on their phones at home that they are missing out spending time with their friends in real life. Sheila, **on the other hand**, has made contact with old friends from school she hasn't heard from in forty years. 'We use Facebook to arrange to meet all over the country,' she says. 'It's changed my social life completely. Teenagers might have their parents to thank for their smartphone and social media addiction. Peter, 38 and father of two teenagers, reports that he used to be on his phone or laptop **constantly**. 'I was always **connected** and I felt like I was always working,' he says. 'How could I tell my kids to get off their phones if I was always in front of a screen myself?' So, in the evenings and at weekends, he takes his SIM card out of his smartphone and puts it into an old-style mobile phone that can only make calls and send text messages. 'I'm not completely cut off from the world in case of emergencies, but the important thing is I'm setting a better example to my kids and spending more quality time with them.'

- 1 people aged 55 or more use Facebook than before.
 (a) **More** (b) **less** (c) **No** (d) **Not many**
- 2 To sum up this passage, we can say.....
 (a) **social media isn't important** (b) **you must have an old phone**
 (c) **grandparents shouldn't join Facebook** (d) **social media is a mixed blessing**
- 3 Sheila feels..... to social media.
 (a) **addicted** (b) **grateful** (c) **bored** (d) **objected**
- 4 Which of the following is a true statement?
 (a) **Peter decided to set a better example to his kids.**
 (b) **Peter decided to sell his smart phone** (c) **Peter will never use social media**
 (d) **Peter will never use a phone at the weekends.**
- 5 We can use the prefix to give the opposite of the word **connected**.
 (a) **in** (b) **dis** (c) **non** (d) **im**
- 6 Teenagers might have their parents to thank for their smartphone and social media addiction means.....
 (a) **teenagers should thank parents for buying them phones**
 (b) **Teenagers should spend time with parents.**
 (c) **parents are responsible for teenagers' addiction.**
 (d) **parents are happy with their kids' addiction to social media.**
- 7 'On the other hand' in the passage expresses.....
 (a) **result** (b) **cause** (c) **addition** (d) **contrast**
- 8 The best synonym of 'constantly' is.....
 (a) **regularly** (b) **eventually** (c) **rarely** (d) **sometimes**
- 9 The antonym of 'increasing' is people aged 55 or more use Facebook than before.
 (a) **rising** (b) **declining** (c) **improving** (d) **overwhelming**
- 10 Using social media has a/an effect on Shelia's life.
 (a) **negative** (b) **bad** (c) **positive** (d) **trivial**

وجه خوفك
مفیش حاجة
اسمها مش
بعرف احل
القطع يا
فاهah

10

Are we **underestimating** what robots can do? In some cases, they already perform better than doctors at diagnosing illness. Also, some patients might feel more comfortable sharing personal information with a machine than a person. Could there be a place for robots in education after all? Some education experts think so. They predict robots will do the main job of transferring information and teachers will be like assistants. Intelligent robots will read students' faces, movements. Then they will adapt the information to each student. It's not a **popular** opinion and it's unlikely robots will ever have empathy and the ability to really connect with humans like another human can. One thing is certain, though. A robot teacher is better than no teacher at all. In some parts of the world, there aren't enough teachers and 9–16 percent of children under the age of 14 don't go to school. That problem could be partly solved by robots because they can teach anywhere and won't get stressed, or tired, or move somewhere for an easier, higher-paid job.

Those negative aspects of teaching are something everyone agrees on. Teachers all over the world are leaving because it is a difficult job and they feel overworked. Perhaps the question is not 'Will robots replace teachers?' but 'How can robots help teachers?' Teachers waste a lot of time doing non-teaching work, including more than 11 hours a week marking homework. If robots could cut the time teachers spend marking homework and writing reports, teachers would have more time and energy for the parts of the job humans do best.

- 1 Robots are at diagnosing illnesses than doctors.
 (a) **always better** (b) **never better** (c) **sometimes better** (d) **never terrible**
- 2 According to the passage, one advantage of robot teachers is that.....
 (a) **waste money** (b) **cost money**
 (c) **they don't need to rest** (d) **they can't feel empathy**
- 3 Some experts think teachers in the future will
 (a) **help robots in class** (b) **teach knowledge to students**
 (c) **no longer exist** (d) **mark the home work**
- 4 Which of the following is a true statement?
 (a) **In most cases robots are better than doctors.**
 (b) **Some people prefer robots to doctors.**
 (c) **Robots can understand emotions.**
 (d) **Robots are better teachers than humans.**
- 5 Robots will probably never.....
 (a) **have human understanding of emotions** (b) **be intelligent enough to work in education**
 (c) **be a popular choice for teachers** (d) **help teachers**
- 6 Which of the following can best express the main idea of this passage?
 (a) **Robots can do any job perfectly.** (b) **Robots can help improve teaching.**
 (c) **Robots will certainly replace teachers.** (d) **Teaching is a difficult job.**
- 7 Some parts of the world.....
 (a) **pay robots to teach.** (b) **have a shortage of teachers.**
 (c) **already use robots in teaching jobs.** (d) **make teachers assist robots**
- 8 Robot assistants could help teachers by.....
 (a) **read students' faces** (b) **connecting with humans**
 (c) **transferring information** (d) **marking homework and writing reports**
- 9 The antonym of "underestimate" is
 (a) **neglect.** (b) **praise.** (c) **avoid.** (d) **ignore**
- 10 The synonym of "popular" is.....
 (a) **famous** (b) **probable** (c) **unknown** (d) **serious**

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لو سيدتك
مستغني عن ٢٠
درجة في
الامتحان كبر
دمغك من القطع
بس متعيطش
بعد كدة